New Oxford Item.

H. I. SMITH, EDITOR. AN INDEPENDENT LOCAL JOURNAL. ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM

Volume XL New Oxford, Pa., Friday, July 21, 1899. Number 11

Stop! Look! Listen!

Do you Live to Eat, or Eat to Live? In either case you want **GOOD BREAD.** Then take your wheat to

The Fairview Rollar Mills,

Hampton, for Good Flour.

Persons wishing flour from their own wheat can be accommodated as I'm prepared to grind lots of 5 bushels and upward, or exchange, to suit customers. Ask your dealer for

"WHITE ROSE FLOUR."

Give me a trial. Yours Respt.

J. H. ARENDT.

Have.... your Cider ::

made at the

New Oxford Mills,

Geo. C. Naylor, Proprietor.

We have the Strongest Power and Finest Presses in the county. Cider made at

1½ cent per gallon.

Accommodations for all.

WANTED.

AGENTS

for NEW OXFORD and Vicinity,

to sell our

TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, and Baking Powder

to consumers. Liberal Commission paid. Address

Grand Union Tea Co., 35 N. 3rd Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

Myer Miller's

Second Annual

MID--SUMMER CLEARING SALE

—OF—

Ready-Made Clothing

Again I call your attention to the second Great Mid-summer Sale I am holding to close out odd lots and sizes in Ready-made Clothing for Men and Boys. I am offering them to you now for less than cost, because it don't pay me to pack for winter.

Here is the chance of your life. The season for wearing these is not more than began but the storekeeper's season is rapidly drawing to a close, and before it closes entirely I want to reduce stock for my fall and winter goods. Already I have bought a great part of my fall goods. So you see the chance that is awaiting you. Don't let it pass by.

MYER MILLER,

CASH CLOTHIER,

LITTLESTOWN, PA.,

WM. McCLEAN, Late Pres. Judge. WM. ARCH. McCLEAN

WM. & WM ARCH. McCLEAN,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Penna Office west side of Baltimore street, 3rd door from Centre Square.

"Go: You Are Free!" If you were in prison and a good spirit suddenly opened the door and said "Go: You are free!" you wouldn't stop to ask whether the key that opened the door was the regulation pattern or not. If it opened the door, that is enough. Thousands of women who are sick and suffering might speedily be made strong and well again if it was not for an unreasonable prejudice against any but so-called "regulation" methods.

"Three years ago I was almost gone with womb trouble," says Mrs. Jennie J. Jackson, of Fergusson's Wharf, Isle of Wight Co., Va., in a letter to Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. "I tried many different medicines and got no better until I tried Dr. Pierce's medicines. The first bottle gave me ease. I have taken six bottles and I feel as well as ever in my life.

"My doctor did not have any faith in 'patent medicines' but he says '*something* has done you good.' I know if I had not taken Dr. Pierce's medicine I could not have lived long as I was nothing but a skeleton. I was so thin in flesh that it hurt me to lie down. Now I am well, and can work hard all day and do as much walking as I ever did, and sleep well all night. I can never be thankful enough for the good Dr. Pierce's medicines did me."

Dr. Pierce is a regular graduated and educated physician. He has had a more practical life-long experience with all forms of women's diseases than any other doctor in this country. His "Favorite Prescription" for female complaints is the most marvelously effective remedy for this purpose in the world.

Suffering women need not hesitate to write to him. All letters are held sacredly confidential and free advice will be sent by mail in plain sealed envelope.

Constipation is a little illness that if neglected builds a big one. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

IS IT RIGHT—For an Editor to Recommend Patent Medicines?

From Sylvan Valley News, Brevrad, N. C.—It may be a question whether the editor of a newspaper has the right to publicly recommend any of the various proprietary medicines which flood the market, yet as a preventive of suffering we feel it a duty to say a good word for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. We have known and used this medicine in our family for twenty years and have always found it reliable. In many cases a dose of this remedy would save hours of suffering while a physician is awaited. We do not believe in depending implicitly on any medicine for a cure, but we do believe that if a bottle of Chamberlain's Diarrhoea Remedy were kept on hand and administered at the inceptton of an attack much suffering might be avoided and in very many cases the presence of a physician would not be required. At least this has been our experience during the past twenty years. For sale by all druggists.

It may not be generally known that persons, who, from carelessness or any other cause, take mail from the postoffice that belongs to another person and fails to return the same, are liable to a fine of $500, or one year's imprisonment. This applies to newspapers thus taken from the post offices as well as other mail matter.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF COD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES

should always be kept in the house for the following reasons:

FIRST—Because, if any member of the family has a hard cold, it will cure it.

SECOND—Because, if the children are delicate and sickly, it will make them strong and well.

THIRD—Because, if the father or mother is losing flesh and becoming thin and emaciated, it will build them up and give them flesh and strength.

FOURTH—Because it is the standard remedy in all throat and lung affections.

No household should be without it. It can be taken in summer as well as in winter.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

A MAMMOTH ORDER.

Carnegie Company Will Furnish $150,000,000 Worth of Steel Plates.

Pittsburg, July 19.—The largest order for material given in this country by one firm to another was consummated here yesterday, when the Pressed Steel Car company made a contract with the Carnegie Steel company for the delivery to the car company of 1,000 tons of steel plates per day for ten years, commencing Aug. 1. This means in the neighborhood of $15,000,000 per year, or $150,000,000 as the money value of the contract for ten years.

The Pressed Steel Car company controls practically all the patents and is the manufacturer of most of the steel cars which are being used extensively on the railroads at present. It has four large plants—in Allegheny, Pittsburg, Joliet, Ills., and McKee's Rocks. The last named plant is not yet completed, but will be before many weeks. When this is finished the company will have a capacity of 2,500 completed cars per week. Therefore, it will consume a large amount of steel plates, and these plates will be furnished by the Carnegie Steel company. When the McKee's Rocks plant is finished the Steel Car company will employ in the neighborhood of 11,000 men.

The new parts of the Carnegie Steel company's plant which have been built to fill the big contracts with the car company will employ several thousand more, making in the neighborhood of 18,000 men who will be dependent on the business of making steel cars for a living.

Japan One of the Great Nations.

Washington, July 17.—The new treaty between the United States and Japan goes into effect today, as does also new treaties between Japan and nearly all of the countries of Europe and some of the South American republics. It is an event of far reaching importance in the relations between Japan and the United States, as it does away with the treaty methods which have been in vogue for nearly 50 years and substitutes an entirely new method of proceedure. The same is true in the relations of Japan with other countries. Taken as a whole the many new treaties which go into effect today place Japan on an entirely new footing with the world at large, as she is recognized for the first time as an equal in every respect.

Family of Ten Drowned.

Tekamah, Neb., July 19.—Word was received here yesterday of the drowning in the Western Iowa, near the Minnesota line, Monday night, of A. W. Blades, his wife and eight children, while en route to Minnesota in an immigrant wagon. The family was encamped for the night on a creek, when a cloudburst raised the creek 12 or 15 feet and the family, team and wagon were swept away. No trace of them has been found save parts of the wagon, which were found in tree tops some distance down the creek. Mr. Blades had resided in this county for 20 years.

Twenty-five Firemen Injured.

Milwaukee, July 19.—Fire last night destroyed the Grace hotel, a four story brick structure at the corner of Park and Reed streets, on the South Side. About 25 firemen were injured, of whom five may die. The men were injured by the collapse of the building. It was the most serious fire of the kind since the Davidson theater was destroyed, at which time about a dozen firemen lost their lives. The pecuniary loss is small.

Lebanon, Pa., July 19.—A big combination of iron mills of this city and Reading has been formed, and will be controlled by a new corporation to be known as the American Iron and Steel company. The plants included in the deal are the Pennsylvania Bolt and Nut company, the Lebanon Iron company, the East Lebanon Iron company, all of this city, and the bolt and nut works of J. H. Sternbergh & Sons, of Reading, and the National Bolt, Nut and Rivet works, of Reading. The five plants employ about 4,000 men, and their combined annual product of finished bar iron alone is over 140,000 tons. The new company will assume control Sept. 1, by which time it is believed other companies in this locality will be absorbed.

Hazleton, Pa., July 19.—John Brosak, aged 18 years, was arrested at Freeland yesterday and committed to jail in default of $500 bail to answer at court the charge of attempting to wreck a coal train on the Delaware, Susquehanna and Schuylkill railroad. Superintendent Wagner alleged that Brosak placed a coupling link on the track of the road, on the mountain, a short distance from Drifton. Lewis Kluger, engineer of the train, testified that he caught Brosak in the act of placing the link on the rail. The train was at once brought to a standstill and members of the crew pursued and caught Brosak. The accused says he found the link in the woods and carelessly tossed it upon one of the rails. He was about to remove the link when the coal train approached.

ITEMS OF STATE NEWS.

Harrisburg, July 19.—The Third battalion of the Nineteenth regular infantry, at Camp Meade, has received orders to start tomorrow for the Philippines via San Francisco. The other two battalions started on Monday with the regimental stores and camp equipage.

Pittsburg, July 17.—Tin plate workers throughout the country to the number of nearly 50,000 resumed work this morning after an idleness of two weeks. The scale fixed on at Chicago is based on the price of bars. The minimum advance over last year's scale is placed at 15 per cent, which will prevail until June 30, 1900. In addition to the 15 per cent advance the men will receive a further advance of 2 per cent because of the recent advance of 50 cents per 100 pounds on the price of tin plate.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., July 19.—The result of a conference held between the board of adjustment representing each branch of employes of the Lehigh Valley railroad, and General Manager Wilbur, was made known yesterday by a member of the board. A list of ten grievances was presented, and after a short discussion Mr. Wilbur granted eight of them. The other two grievances represent considerable financial outlay, and the company asked for a few days to consider. There will be no strike.

Scranton, Pa., July 15.—Postoffice Inspector Hugh Carman yesterday caused the arrest of Geogre M. Bostwick, whom he had dismissed from the position of assistant postmaster at Montrose Tuesday, when wholesale rifling of letters in transit was disclosed. He was brought to this city and arraigned before Commissioner Taylor, who held him in $1,000 bail for his appearance at a future hearing. A decoy letter led to his arrest. The accused admits that circumstances point strongly to his guilt, but stoutly maintains his innocence.

Pittsburg, July 18.—A family feud is responsible for a shooting affray at Milesville, near Monongahela City, the result of which is one woman probably fatally wounded, another in a serious condition and a man with two bullets in his body. Mrs. Stella A. Davis, aged 22 years, was shot twice through the lungs and will probable die; Mrs. Sarah Weddell, aged 22 years, had her head and face badly cut and John H. Sickles was shot in the arm and hand. The shooting was done by Mrs. Weddell.

Dubois, Pa., July 18.—A passenger train on the Ridgway and Clearfield railroad was wrecked yesterday at Short's Mills, Elk county, while rounding a curve, and Fireman Michael Welsh, of Ridgway, was killed and Engineer James Walsh was slightly injured. The accident was caused by a log rolling down the embankment and falling across the tracks. None of the passengers were hurt. The engine was totally wrecked, it falling down a 15 foot embankment. The prompt action of Engineer Walsh prevented a terrible catastrophe.

Philadelphia, July 15.—The North American says: English capitalists are trying to buy the plant of the Philadelphia Warehouse and Cold Storage company. They offer $2,000,000 in cash for the concern. If the deal is effected it means a cold storage warehouse trust for the United States, controlled by Englishmen, with a cash backing of $25,000,000. The syndicate has obtained options on the biggest concern in Buffalo, five in New York and one in Boston. Four plants were scooped up in Chicago, while in Baltimore two were successfully negotiated for. It is said that the success or failure of the trust hinges on the deal in this city, which it is believed will go through.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS

As Reflected by Dealings in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Philadelphia, July 19.—Flour weak; winter superfine, $2@2.25; Pennsylvania roller, clear, $2.65@2.75; city mills, extra, $2.25@2.50. Rye flour quiet, but firm, at $3 per barrel for choice Pennsylvania. Wheat weak; No. 2 red, spot, in elevator, 72@72½c. Corn slow; No. 2 mixed, spot, in elevator, 37@37¼c.; No. 2 yellow, for local trade, 40¼c. Oats firm; No. 2 white, 30½c.; No. 2 white, clipped, 29@29½c. Hay firm; choice timothy, $16@16.50. Beef firm; beef hams, $20@20.50. Pork firm; family, $11.50@12. Lard firmer; western steamed, $5.70@5.75. Butter weak; western creamery, 15@15½c.; factory, 12@14½c.; imitation creamery, 13@16c.; New York dairy, 13@17c.; do. creamery, 15@18½c.; fancy Pennsylvania prints jobbing at 22@24c.; do. wholesale, 21c. Cheese steady; large, white, 9½c.; small do., 9½@9¾c.; large, colored, 9¾c.; small do., 9¾@9¾c. Eggs steady; New York and Pennsylvania, 15½c.; western, fresh, 14@15c.

Baltimore, July 18.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull and easy; spot and month, 71¾@71¾c.; August, 72¼@72¾c.; September, 73½@73¾c.; steamer No. 2 red, 69@69¼c.; southern, by sample, 66@72c.; do. on grade, 69¾@72¾c. Corn easy; spot and month, 36¾@36¾c.; August, 36¾@37c.; September, 37½@37¾c., steamer mixed, 35½@35¾c.; southern, white, 42c.; do. yellow, 42c. Oats dull; No. 2 white, 31@31½c.; No. 2 mixed, 29½@30c. Rye easy; No. 2 nearby, 56½c.; No. 2 western, 60¾c. Hay steady; No. 1 timothy, $15@15.50. Grain freights very quiet; rates for steamers fairly steady.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

Thursday, July 13.

General Joe Wheeler, en route for the Philippines, expects to return by December.

The Oregon volunteers from Manila arrived at San Francisco yesterday and were wildly welcomed.

Representative Hawley, of Texas, issues an appeal for relief for the sufferers from the recent Texas floods.

The strike of central Pennsylvania miners, affecting 10,000 miners and several thousand other workers, ends favorably to the strikers.

A personal encounter between Senators Chandler and Gallinger was narrowly averted at Concord, N. H., in the civil service hearing investigating the charges against Gallinger of politically assessing federal employes.

Friday, July 14.

Kentucky Republicans nominated a ticket headed by Attorney General Taylor for governor.

Alabama anti-imperialists are urging the governor to declare vacant the seat of Congressman Joseph Wheeler.

A dispute about a dog near Peach Bottom, Pa., led to the shooting of R. Marion Wiley, it is alleged, by Edwin J. Brogan.

Mary B. Kemper saved her younger sister from drowning at Nantasket Beach, Mass., then fell dead of heart disease in the surf.

The British ships Carlisle Castle and City of York were lost off the West Australian coast. All but 15 of the crew of the former and 7 of the latter perished.

Saturday, July 15.

F. M. Girard, of the Oregon volunteers, deserted his regiment to go to his dying mother.

The Middlesex County bank, of Perth Amboy, N. J., has been looted of $125,000, and the cashier is in jail.

Webb C. Hayes, son of the late president, has been appointed lieutenant colonel of volunteers, and will go to Manila.

Monday, June 17.

Captain Andrews, who tried to cross the ocean in a dory, was picked up exhausted 700 miles from the Irish coast.

Tin plate workers throughout the country, to the number of 50,000, resumed work today on a 17 per cent advance in wages.

Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, refuses to address a meeting of Democrats called by ex-Governor Altgeld and other "obscure persons."

Annie and Mary Kinney, sisters, aged 17 and 14, and their 15-year-old cousin, Ella Kinney, were drowned while bathing at Derby, Conn.

Joseph Hough killed Harry Chadwick at Chester, Conn., and threw his body in the river. They were rival lovers. Hough was arrested.

In a battle between a sheriff's posse and fleeing train robbers near Cimarron, N. M., Sheriff Ed Farr and Robber William McGinnis were killed.

Tuesday, July 18.

Rev. P. A. Jordan, a Catholic priest, fell from a Philadelphia streetcar and was killed.

Ralph Skelly, 8 years old, was beaten to death by four little playmates at Indianapolis.

Mrs. Ramsey, who cut her husband's throat in New York recently, has been sent to an asylum.

The contributions yesterday to the Dewey home fund amounted to $149, making $14,480 in all.

The dead from Fourth of July accidents throughout the country number 141, 83 dying of lockjaw.

For executing Goings, the Indian murderer, at Atlikchi, I. T., District Attorney Clay, Clerk Tyler and Sheriff Watson are under arrest for murder.

Wednesday, July 19.

Mamie King, a New York girl, has lost her reason through excessive cigarette smoking.

A recruiting surgeon at Cincinnati suggests that federal convicts be enlisted in the army for service in the Philippines.

Josie Mansfield, for whose sake Edward S. Stokes shot and killed James Fisk, Jr., in 1872, is lying at the home of relatives in Philadelphia, paralyzed and speechless.

The two daughters of Mrs. John Moore, of Dallas, Tex., died from drinking poison said to have been intended for their mother, who was an important witness in a lynching case.

Twelve members of the steamer Elk expedition to Kotzebue sound, Alaska, succumbed to scurvy, starvation and frost. Mrs. Bens, wife of the captain, the only survivor, is at St. Michael's dying of scurvy.

Beardstown, Ills., July 17.—W. G. Besler, of this city, who has been superintendent of the St. Louis division of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad here for the past six years, has resigned his position and has accepted the superintendency of the Reading division of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad, with headquarters at Reading, Pa. He assumed charge of his new duties on July 24.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

ASLEEP ON PICKET.

An Incident of the War in Cuba.

BY E. F. FLOYD.

It was the night after the terrible day at San Juan, and Private George Morton of the regulars was doing picket duty on the heights. Not much to make a story out of, for after the exciting events of that day, ever to be memorable in our history, anything else that can be told must seem simple and commonplace. But to Private Morton there at his post by the deserted trenches it was destined to be even more eventful than the scenes he had just been through.

Ever since the landing of his regiment, two days before, the moments had been filled with excitement and rough work that left little time for thought. But Private Morton, as a general rule, was not much given to thought. A private in the regular army must be made into a part of one splendid fighting machine. So Private Morton was content to do his duty and let the officers do the thinking.

Though apparently not over 30 years of age, he was now serving his second term of enlistment and had seen enough of active service in the Indian campaigns in Arizona and the Bad Lands to make war for him no novelty. He was counted a good soldier, and he knew by heart all the "rules of war" by which the sharp discipline of the regular army is enforced.

But tonight it seemed to the soldier that the burdens of the service were more than ordinarily oppressive. For nearly 48 hours he had been on constant duty, without rest or respite, marching through the tropical rain, wading streams, plodding in the mud, fighting, famishing; for in all that mad rush of the preceding days there had been no time for rest and hardly a thought for food and drink, for even the regulars had caught the infection and were nearly as reckless and improvident as the less disciplined and thoughtless volunteers. The one thing to do was to possess that Spanish line before it could be reinforced and before the dreaded fever should thin their own ranks. It was death in front, but just as certain death was stalking in the rear. And so during those last two days there had been no rest from duty, no moment in which to catch a little sleep or relieve the muscles or mind from the terrible strain. The line had been won and now must be guarded from surprise and recapture.

In detailing the guard for that important service there were no fresh men from whom to select; the fatigue of two days' constant marching and fighting could be no excuse, else there could be no guard, for all were equally worn and exhausted. When Private Morton heard the orderly sergeant call his name as one of the detail for guard duty he had just flung himself down on the rain and blood soaked ground beside a dead Spanish soldier. There had been no time to select a resting place; the tired limbs had refused duty the moment discipline was relaxed, and he had fallen almost as a dead man there among the really dead, with all his accoutrements still strapped about him and firmly grasping his heavy army rifle. But with the calling of his name the habit of discipline returned, and he was promptly on his feet to form one of the little squad that marched away into the growing darkness toward the front for sentinel duty.

He was stationed in the shadow of a few closely growing trees, just beyond the now deserted trenches lately so stubbornly defended by Spain's bravest soldiers, with orders not to expose himself in the open, but to note the least movement or sound from the direction in which the enemy had retreated, for it was deemed very likely that a night attack might be attempted for the recovery of the hill.

For a short time after his companions left him Private Morton did not give much attention to himself. He followed, first with his eyes, then by the ear, the movements of the little band, as guard after guard was placed, and tried to keep in mind the location of the different men. It was no new work for him to be on guard, and there was no special novelty to him in the situation. War was war, whether in Cuba or Arizona. He knew that across that dark canyon, concealed by the darkness and the thick growth of timber, was the Spanish line and that any moment a flight of Mauser bullets might come in his direction from out those dim shadows, or even a line of yelling Spaniards spring from the jungle down there a little way below him and come charging up to bear him and his comrades back from the hard-earned field. But he had been in equally bad places before and did not know what it was to fear anything in the shape of foe. He knew the importance of his task, the perils it involved and the consequences of failure.

But now the new-found strength that came to him when called to this new task began gradually to fade away, and he could realize how tired and faint he was. He could easily count up his rations for the last two days—just five hardtack, soaked in muddy water, in all that time, and as for sleep, when he came to think of it he did not believe that he had had any, unless, perhaps, he had slept awhile between the fighting and the detail for guard duty.

How tired he was now and how he would like to sleep! No, that was too risky. It meant death to be caught asleep. He could stab a hole through his shoe with his bayonet and wound his foot; the pain must awaken him. Somehow, the blood felt so warm and comfortable there—was he going to sleep after all? He took a cartridge from his belt and bit it savagely till he broke a tooth, and his mouth filled with blood; but he let it run down his face and across his blouse, with no care for the pain or relief from that terrible call of overstrung nerves for rest in sleep.

How long Private Morton fought this terrible battle with himself—a battle more dreadful than any on that bloody field the day before—we cannot tell. It seemed ages to him; it might have been only the latter part of his time of duty, but at last the relief was coming. He could not be mistaken—that was the sound of his approaching deliverance—yes, there was the head of the line within 50 yards of him. Now he could sleep. "O! how tired I am; how blessed this sleep!"

And so they found him, sound asleep at his post. It might have been for a moment; it might have been for two hours. Asleep he was, at any rate, when relief arrived. His post was the most important on the whole line, and its sentinel asleep! How could they know he had fought so hard to keep awake—and he had only fallen as they were at hand? They had found him so, and it was death. He knew that. He had not been in the service six years to forget that. There was no excuse that would save a sentinel from death who fell asleep at his post in time of war and in the face of the enemy. As the grim faces of the men that fell in about him to take him to the guardhouse showed no sign of compassion, so Morton realized that he could expect none from any quarter, but must suffer the full penalty of his crime.

It did not occupy much time, his trial and conviction. The days were too busy for that—those days before Santiago, between El Caney, San Juan and the surrender.

They were grim and powder-blackened, with torn and faded uniforms, that group of officers quickly called together for court-martial, but they were stern and just. The evidence was clear—there was no defence—the sentence brief. Private Morton for sleeping on post was to be shot to death, in the presence of his regiment, the following day at noon. The action of the court-martial had been approved by the commander, and but a few short hours remained for the condemned man between this and another world.

In the old San Juan blockhouse, that served as a prison now, lay Private Morton, stretched on the rough floor and covered with his blanket. There was time enough to sleep here, and that sleep which seemed so precious but a short time ago, and which would finally cost him his life, why would it not come to him now and shut out the awful realities of his position? Why could he not stop thinking for a moment and sleep? Perhaps it would come if he would only turn on the other side. No, that foot pained too badly. Why did it not pain enough to keep him awake that dreadful night—when was it, a year ago or only last night? He could not tell, for he had lost all sense of time. Was he going crazy? It was not such a dreadful thing to die. He had faced death a thousand times and was not afraid of that. During that charge up the hill the lieutenant had called to him, "Private Morton, cut these wires." He was not afraid then, but had stepped out of the brush into that hornets' nest of lead and with his nippers cut every wire before he left—and not a bullet hit him, though the lieutenant and eight or ten other men fell dead before they got through the gap he had made. Perhaps he bore a charmed life, and they might not hit him when they came to try to kill him next day. It was the disgrace of it all, though. "In the presence of his regiment"—that had been the sentence, and the disgrace of standing before his comrades, condemned for neglect of duty, he, Private Morton, who had served six years in his regiment and had never a mark against his name before. This was worse than death. If he could only sleep a little while and forget that part of it. But that tooth would persist in paining so, and one ragged point kept cutting his tongue and filling his mouth with blood that almost choked him at times, so that no sleep would come.

With such feverish fancies did the night pass away, and then the brief forenoon seemed all too short. They would come for him in a few moments, and he would march out and meet his doom before the whole regiment. Who would come, and who would be told off for the firing party? He hoped they would be good shots. "Reddy" James would surely be one; he was always on every special detail, and that bristling red moustache would be sure to stand out stiffer than ever today. "Mealy" Mason would be another. He was the man the sergeant always detailed to shoot the sick and disabled horses the summer they were up in the Bad Lands. But before he could count up any more the lieutenant came to inform him that the time was up and he must march to the place of execution.

It struck him as a little peculiar just then that no chaplain had been sent to help smooth his pathway to the grave; but it did not give him much concern, as he never had much use for a chaplain anyway, and all the boys knew it. Another thing seemed queer. Had he not seen the lieutenant fall there at the barbed-wire fence with a bullet through his head? But here he was and did not seem to be any the worse for it, only his face was terribly white and ghastly, and a great splash of blood almost covered his once white gauntlet. Now he came to think of it, "Mealy" had fallen at the fence with the whole side of his head torn away, so after all he would not be one of the firing party. He wondered if his mother would know of his disgrace and if she would be there. He remembered now that he had heard her voice singing "Rock of Ages" some time last night, just as she used to when he was a little chap and she sang him to sleep at night.

The officer started to read something from a large roll of manuscript, but stopped with a scowl. "You know what it is," he said; "forward, march!" And Private George Morton took his blanket from the floor, rolled it up properly as became a United States regular and followed his lieutenant to the scene of his death.

He began to wonder how it would feel to be hit; whether he should know anything about it and how long it would take to die. He watched the firing squad as it slowly filed into position. He counted them as they wheeled into place. One, two, three, four, five, six, and the officer. Why did it take so many to kill a man?

It seemed to take a long time to get everything ready, though perhaps his thoughts were running a little more rapidly than usual. One thing brought him satisfaction—there would be plenty of time to sleep after it was all over.

His imagination must be playing him false again, else how was it that he saw the white, agonized face of his mother there, breaking through that solid line of blue on the right? He wanted to rush to her and tell her it was all a dream, that he would not be hurt, but he could not bring his limbs to obey his will, and then in a moment the stern, fixed faces of the men in front brought back with sickening force the reality and awfulness of it all.

It must come to an end some time. Yes, the officer at the head of the squad had stepped a pace forward, and a command was given that he could not understand, but the guns were lowered with a jerk: another command, and with a jerk and clang the guns came to "aim" and all seemed pointing directly into his eyes.

There was a flash, but he could hear no report. Would those bullets never come, or must he stand there through all eternity waiting for the end? Could they have missed him? Perhaps he was dead already. Death had come with the flash, and death was not so different from life, after all. Then—"Yes, I am hit, after all!" he shouted, grabbing frantically at his left arm, which suddenly seemed a mass of molten iron. "Of all those guns only one was loaded, and that has taken off my arm."

Dazed and stupid from sleep and pain, he opened his eyes to see the relief still some 20 yards away, but moving with the brisk swing of the regulars to his post. His left arm seemed on fire yet, but he managed to bring his gun into position and challenge in the usual manner.

"How is this?" said the officer. "Wounded? It must have been that shot that just came from across the canyon." "Yes, I believe I'm struck a bit," said Morton, "but it don't amount to much, and I'm mighty glad to get out of this hole even if my arm is broke. It's a sight better than having the whole six in my carcass."

With those rather unintelligible words Private Morton "fell in" and marched away to his quarters.

After the surgeon had fixed up his arm it was some time before he could reconcile his mind to dreaming so much in the time it took that relief to march 30 steps.

How sweet it was to sink down at last upon that glorious couch, his army blanket and the muddy ground: to feel the drowsiness creeping deliciously through his very soul; to smile with contempt at the futile efforts his wounded arm was making to keep him awake, and at last to fall soundly and really asleep!—Overland Monthly.

Professional Cards.

DR. H. ROSS BLACK,

DENTIST—Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late Dr. Faber Bange, No. 1 Carlisle Street, HANOVER, PA.

DR. WM. HOLLINGER,

DENTIST,
Office and Residence,
ABBOTSTOWN, PA.

Will be at Sunday's hotel, New Oxford, every Wednesday. All the latest appliances.

S. S. NEELY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Office on York street, next door to Gettysburg National Bank.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa. Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office opposite court house.

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John B. McPherson.
Donald P. McPherson.
Attorneys-at-Law, Gettysburg, Pa.
Office on second floor of "Star and Sentinel" building. Will attend promptly to all legal business submitted to them.

G. J. BENNER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Offices on Baltimore street, in rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Brenneman's Drug Store.

HOTELS.

EAGLE HOTEL, New Oxford.

Frank Fleshman, : : Proprietor.
House thoroughly refitted and refurnished. The bar stocked with the choicest wines, liquors and cigars, while the table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market affords. Ample stabling.

HOTEL YANTIS,

One Sq. from Depot, Littlestown, Pa.
G. BROOK YANTIS, Prop'r.
New House, New Furniture, Old Landlord. Up-to-date and first-class throughout.

MARSHALL HOUSE, York, Pa.

Adjoining the Court House.
John S. Baughman, Proprietor.
The bar is stocked with Choice Wines, Beer and Liquors, and fine brands of Cigars. The table is supplied with the best the market affords. Free 'Bus to and from trains. Extensive stabling attached to the hotel.

GETTYSBURG, PA. : : ;

CITY HOTEL.

Half square from either depot. Livery connected with the hotel. Drive of 20 miles with four or more, over battlefield, $1.35, including dinner.
J. E. HUGHES, Proprietor.

GLOBE HOTEL,

ELIAS FISSEL, Prop'r.
York Street, First Square,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Accommodations first-class in every particular. Bar stock of the very best.
LIVERY ATTACHED.
Teams given careful attention. Telephone No. 122.

WASHINGTON HOUSE,

Carlisle St., Gettysburg, Pa.
Opposite W. M. Depot and one square from P. & R. depot. Good livery attached. Good battlefield guides furnished.
AMOS W. NEWMAN, Proprietor.

GO TO THE
NEW OXFORD
Monumental : : Works
FOR YOUR CEMETERY WORK.

I sell my work according to the times; guarantee good work and lower prices than anywhere else for good work. I deliver my work free of charge anywhere in the county. Come see me. I have some of the latest designs to pick from.
E. C. LOUGH, Proprietor.

GRAIN and PRODUCE.

Z. H. CASHMAN.
At the Brick Warehouse, HANOVER ST., NEW OXFORD, PA., will buy and sell all kinds of
Wheat, Hay, Straw, Rye, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Bran, Middlings, Chop, etc., Also
The Best Brands of Flour,
Coarse and Fine Salt, etc.,
Sellers and buyers will find it to their advantage to give him a call. Free delivery to any part of the borough.
☞Car leaves New Oxford every Thursday Afternoon for Baltimore. Returning, leaves Hillen Station every Friday at 4 o'clock p. m. All orders left with him will receive prompt attention.

CLEMENT LINGG,

SURVEYOR,
New Oxford, Adams county, Pa
CHARGES MODERATE.

Among the 11,667 foreigners settled in China at the end of 1897, England had 4,929, the United States 1,564, Japan, 1,106, Germany 950, France 608.

GEO. F. RABINE,

Practical Barber and Hairdresser,

Eagle Hotel Building,
Centre Square, New Oxford, Pa.
Having opened a first-class Barber Shop in the above named place, I respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.
GIVE ME A CALL.

AUCTIONEERING.

GEO. L. COLESTOCK
Offers his service to the public as Auctioneer. Charges moderate and satisfaction guaranteed. Postoffice address, NEW CHESTER, Adams county, Pa.

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Rinehart, Childs & Briggs,

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BALTIMORE, MD.
Flour and Produce Commission House.
Solicit consignments of Pork, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Poultry, &c. Guarantee full market prices and immediate returns with the cash. Refer to Z. H. CASHMAN, New Oxford, Pa.

When in Hanover and in need of a Hotel, drop in the
HOTEL ABELL.
American and European Plan.
Restaurant Attached.
T. L. ABELL, Propr.

FINE HORSES

on hand at all times
For Sale or Exchange
—AT—
C. J. SMITH'S
Sale and Exchange Stables,
HANOVER.
I would respectfully call the attention of the general public to the fact that I have just received a nice lot of
DRIVING and WORK HORSES.
some of them good leaders.
C. J. SMITH,
Chestnut St., opp. Brodbeck's Warehouse,
HANOVER, PA.

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

N. LINGG & BRO.,
(Successors to A. Sheely.)
PITT STREET, NEW OXFORD.
The undersigned having purchased the warehouse of A. Sheely on Pitt street, New Oxford, Pa., they will continue to buy all kinds of GRAIN, such as
Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Clover Timothy, and all kinds of Grass Seeds, Flax Seed, Hay, Straw, Potatoes, &c. Will also have for sale
The Best Brands of Flour,
Coarse and Fine Salt, and everything usually kept in a place of this kind.
Sellers and buyers will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Free delivery to any part of the borough.
The business will be in charge of H. G. Wehler, who will always be found to be courteous and obliging.
N. LINGG & BRO.

TO BUILDERS!

CLOSING OUT SALE OF
LUMBER!
Having disposed of my warehouse hay shed, I will continue the
Lumber and Coal
Business at the old stand, and desiring to CLOSE OUT this business I wish to inform the public that my stock of LUMBER is COMPLETE, consisting of White and Yellow Pine of all kinds, Cypress, Poplar and Hemlock Boards, Joist and Scantling of all kinds, White Pine, Hemlock and Cypress Shingles, Roofing Slate, Sash, Doors and Blinds, which I will sell at bottom prices, and as lumber has advanced, it will be to your interest to call and get prices before buying elsewhere. Also a big lot of locust posts, hewed and in the rough.
A. SHEELY,
Pitt St., New Oxford, Pa.

J. H. BROUGH,

INSURANCE AND GENERAL BUSINESS AGENCY,
21 Carlisle St., Hanover, Pa.

A Good Idea.

A good plan to dispose of magazines and illustrated papers after they have been read at home is to send them to the firemen at the nearest engine house. The time between alarms hangs heavy and reading matter never comes amiss.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

FRESH BEEF FOR MANILA

PROBLEM OF SUPPLYING IT TO OUR TROOPS THERE SOLVED.

The Refrigerator Vessel Glacier and the Novel Cargo She Carries — Five or Six Days Required to Cool the Meat Sufficiently — A Novel Defrosting Process.

Two million pounds of beef which cannot spoil has left New York for the Philippines, states the Sun. All went in one vessel for the feeding of the navy and army engaged in operations in and around Manila.

The problem of sending fresh provisions to the Philippines was much greater than Cuba or Porto Rico presented. Two difficulties had to be overcome. One was distance, the other was climate. The simple device of keeping the meat fresh by placing it in rooms cooled to 30 degrees, which is sufficient for a short trip and moderate climate, would be absolutely worthless if attempted for a long trip and the high temperature through which a vessel must pass in going to the Philippines. To overcome the difficulty a ship specially built for carrying fresh mutton from Australia to England was purchased. She is now the United States refrigerator vessel Glacier.

She proved herself practical for that work, and is therefore not even an experiment now that she has to do similar work for the United States troops at Manila. The navy department advertised for sealed bids for between a million and a half and two million pounds of prime beef for the cargo of the vessel last month. The contract was awarded. Experiments as to the shrinkage in weight of frozen meat were made, proving that there was not more than one-quarter of 1 per cent. loss in the process of freezing. These tests showed that the whole substance of the meat must remain in it or there would have been far greater losses in weight. Orders were then dispatched to the western agents of the company to which the contract was let to purchase 28,000 of the very best stall-fed beeves. These were loaded on 100 of the best cattle cars and shipped to New York. Here they were unloaded, kept for a few days until they had recovered entirely from the trip and then slaughtered. Each animal was carefully examined, and if found in any way defective was rejected. As each carcass was passed it was hurriedly quartered and slid into the refrigerating room, where, hanging on huge hooks, it was gradually cooled. Tests had been made here also to ascertain how long it would take these quarters to freeze through to the bone.

It was at first thought that when submitted to a temperature of 15 degrees only 72 or 90 hours at most would be necessary to freeze the meat through so hard that a knife could not be pushed into it. Experiments proved that from five to six days were needed for absolute certainty, so all of the 2,000,000 pounds of beef have been frozen for six days before being loaded on the Glacier. The method of testing the freezing is itself interesting. A brace and bit is used, just as if you were going to bore a hole into an oak door to put on the hinges. At first the bit is sunk only four inches in the thick hindquarter. It is drawn out, and then a small thermometer like those used by physicians in taking the temperature, is inserted. It is left in a few minutes, and when drawn out should show a temperature of about 20 degrees. Then the hole is bored deeper, going right to the bone; the thermometer is again inserted, and if it again registers 20 degrees it is certain that the quarter is frozen through.

After the first lot of 250,000 pounds was well frozen, the task of loading began. The engines of the refrigerating apparatus on board ship had been at work, the pipes running all around the sides, the bottom and top were heavily coated with frost. If you wanted to go in there you had to wear a heavy overcoat. It was arctic and was meant to be. Night after night the work went on, 250,000 pounds of beef being packed away each night. By the use of refrigerator cars for transportation across the river not one of the quarters of beef was exposed to the air for more than ten minutes.

At Manila a tremendous refrigerator storehouse is now being completed for receiving the cargo of frozen beef. It will not be exposed to the tropical heat of the Philippines for many minutes—only long enough to put it into the refrigerator rooms. Nor will it be delivered to the navy and army immediately, for if this frozen meat were allowed to thaw out suddenly in that terrific heat it would not be in the best condition for consumption. There is a defrosting arrangement in the Manila refrigerating storehouse. It is a series of rooms with gradually rising temperatures. The first room is kept at a temperature of 20 degrees and then gradually raised to 35 degrees. The second starts at 36 degrees and carries the temperature up to 45 degrees, and thus the process of defrosting continues, gradually rising the meat to the temperature of the normal carcass. In this way the flavoring juices of the beef are preserved, so that roast beef will taste as if the ox had been killed only a day or two before.

When it is remembered that the trip to Manila from New York will occupy ten weeks, even though the Glacier goes by way of the Suez Canal, it can be easily understood that anything less than freezing the meat would not preserve it. Beef is shipped to Europe unfrozen, being kept at a temperature of about 36 degrees, and arriving in good condition, but the trip is a short one and the temperature of the air is moderate, but only a freezing temperature will preserve meat properly for so long a time as ten weeks, especially when the vessel has to pass through the Mediterranean and the Red seas, the Indian and Pacific oceans. The Glacier will stop only four times for coal and water before reaching Manila. In fact this is the only element of risk in the entire trip. The only possibility of any mishap lies in the breaking down of her machinery or the giving out of coal and water. Every precaution has been taken in these particulars, for the vessel has just come out of dry dock, where she received a thorough overhauling from stem to stern, and all arrangements for getting coal and water at Port Said and other coaling stations have been perfected.

It is the first time that frozen meat has been shipped in any such quantity anywhere in the world. The pains were taken to make this trip a success are warranted by the anticipation that it is by no means the last load of fresh beef which the Glacier will have to take to Manila. Even though Aguinaldo surrenders promptly, the army and navy will have to remain in the Philippines for many years to come, and the Glacier will solve the problem of furnishing fresh and nourishing meat.

An Ounce of Prevention.

The high death-rate among consumptives revealed by statistics easily accounts, if nothing else could, for the increased interest recently shown in the question of cures, and of hygenic measures for combating the ravages of this painful malady. Not many weeks since an account was given of a meeting held in the city of London, at which the Prince of Wales presided, and of a discussion of some of the ways and means by which the dangers of contagion might be averted.

Nothing is more difficult, as we know, than convincing invalids that fresh air is important—that it is vital to their well-being, in fact. Consumptives used to be kept in hot rooms, from which all cold air was excluded. Now they are made to sit out-of-doors, even at night, with the thermometer four degrees below zero—wrapped in furs, of course, but playing games or reading by electric lights. They dine out-of-doors. And, more than all, in some cures, they are taught not to cough. "People of refinement," one doctor is reported as saying, "do not scratch themselves in public. This tickling sensation of your throat is really an itching; it would be as indelicate to relieve yourself by coughing as to scratch yourself in the presence of others."

Heroic as these measures seem, and startling as the insistence on æsthetic grounds, of the impropriety of coughing, certainly few of us can abstain from wishing that fresh air and the self-control which consideration for others inspires might be preached even among those whose maladies are of a less serious character.—Harper's Bazar.

Trees in Paris.

There are some things that the French do infinitely better than the English, and one of them is the embellishment of their capital city. No absolute reason exists why London should not be as cheerful and beautiful as Paris. The difference in climate is small, and it is not wholly to the advantage of the French metropolis. And if money could be a consideration, there is quite as much of that commodity in London as in Paris. Statistics, however, which have just been published, throw an interesting ray of light on the cost of ke ping Paris bright and attractive. It appears that the title of ville lumiere is not as well earned as one might imagine, seeing that there are but 52,460 lanterns, more than half of which have but one burner each. The boulevards and avenues are ornamented with 86,400 trees, which is no mediocre feat to accomplish, considering the inhospitable nature of the soil. They are, to a large extent, plain trees, which have been found more suitable than most other kinds. There are, however, no fewer than 14,500 chestnut trees, whereas the number of elms is still greater by a hundred. Their maintenance costs, in round numbers, $65,000 a year. There are 8300 seats in the trees and squares, which cost the weary foot passenger nothing, and a very large number of supplementary chairs which can be had for two cents.—London Telegraph.

Schley's Adventure in a Balloon.

Admiral Schley likes to tell how he was once an amateur aeronaut. As a boy he visited a Maryland county fair, ascended in a balloon, which rose eighty feet in the air, was wrecked and let its occupants fall into an apple tree. All were more or cr less hurt, Schley escaping with a few contusions.

THE HORRORS OF WAR.

A Realist Who Was at El Caney Tells What He Saw.

Some of the horrors of war appear very vividly in "With Lawton at El Caney," by Frank Norris, author of "McTeague," in The Century:

The blockhouse was taken by the assault, but the town still held on, and far to the left the rifles were yet talking. At once the battery moved forward, followed by its supporting regiment. But I went on ahead as fast as my little horse could carry me, left him with the Cuban guide in a grove of cocoanut-palms, and following in the wake of the charge, climbed the sugar-loaf hill and gained the blockhouse and its lines of rifle-pits. The blockhouse was a horror, the trenches beyond description. The first Spaniard I saw was lying at the bottom of a trench. He was a young fellow—they were all young fellows—his face the color of wax; one poor, dirty hand hooked like a buzzard's claw; his arm was doubled under him, and—but the rest is not for words. A bullet-wound is one thing, but shrapnel smashes its man, flings him down, and drives and dints him into the dirt. The dead were everywhere; they were in the trenches, in the fields of pineapple, in corners of the blockhouse, and in grisly postures half-way down the slope of the hill. The air was full of smells—the smell of stale powder, of smoke, of a horse's carcass two days unburied, of shattered lime and plaster in the blockhouse, and the strange acrid, salty smell of blood. Our soldiers set about burying the dead and carrying off the wounded, and we turned our attention to the town.

We hurried on, crossed the gully and stream, and entered the town. The corporal was under orders to look for Spanish soldiers, wounded and otherwise, who might still be hiding. It was not work that six men should have been detailed to do, and looking back upon the affair, I see that we correspondents were foolhardy in going along. We found the houses still intact; our batteries had shelled the trenches, but not the village. We cocked our revolvers and went through the narrow, deserted lanes and streets and into the larger houses, the jail, the hospital, the church, the mayor's residence, and into most of the houses on the plaza. It was uncanny work to let one's self unbidden into these houses, pushing open the street door and entering the dark and silent interiors, with unfamiliar furnishings and strange smells, never knowing what we should find across the next threshold. In the mayor's house came suddenly upon the body of a plain-looking girl, lying on the floor, her hair across her face like a drift of seaweed. She had not been shot, she had been stabbed! Some dead we found, men who had crawled away in corners to die. In one of the larger buildings on the plaza we found some forty wounded men with no fight left in them, one of them a most pitiable object.

Sleepwalker Rides Horseback.

Manley Jewell, son of Postmaster Jewell of Hallowell, Me., is an expert equestrian, and for an eight-year-old youngster he is something of a wonder with the ribbons. He delights in horseback riding. The other morning, about 5 o'clock, Officer John Quinn espied Manley coming down Water street on horseback at a fast pace. When near Central street he was seen to fall from the horse just as the animal was turning the corner. Mr. Quinn lifted the boy, who was unconscious, and carried him into the office, where it was some time before he regained consciousness.

This returning consciousness was the awakening from the sleep which Master Manley had dropped into the night before. While yet in slumber he had arisen from bed, clothed himself, gone to the stable, saddled the horse and taken a wild ride over Hallowell's streets, to drop into the capacious arms of Officer Quinn. It is fortunate that no injuries were sustained, and that the boy is no worse for his adventure.—Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

Reflections of an Old Maid.

The false friend, like the shadow, is visible only in the light.

Stone walls do not a prison make, but stony faces do.

Instinct, whether in love or hate, is always swift; reason always deliberate.

The only kisses that leave a mark are those imprinted by sticky innocence.

Good Sense is a wise old lady, but she has a bad habit of falling asleep when young lovers are courting.

I can't help liking the man who tries to humbug me, but I do wish he could succeed oftener.

It is odd that others should get angry over trifles when we are never angry except over matters of real importance.

There is a subtle difference of air between the man who is interested in me for my own sake, and the one who tries to find in me forgetfulness of the unattainable woman he really loves.—Detroit Free Press.

During 1898 the number of persons who made Alpine tours necessitating guides in the Tyrol was 13,000.

MILLIONS FOR VACATION.

COST OF THE SUMMER OUTINGS TAKEN BY AMERICANS.

Financial Importance of the Sums Spent by the 8,000,000 or 10,000,000 People Who Annually Resort to Seashore and Mountains—Travel to Europe and Cities

In almost all business offices it has become customary for everybody, from the head of the firm to the boy who carries the mail, to take a vacation of from one to four weeks. This has resulted in the building up of an immense business. It is impossible to say exactly how many persons take summer vacations. The term may be made to include outings of a day or two in which almost everybody in the country indulges; but setting as a limit a trip that occupies a week or more it is found by the New York Sun that the number of summer vacations is surprisingly large. Estimates place the number between 8,000,000 and 10,000,000.

The question that naturally suggests itself: Where do these 8,000,000 go? The answer is found in the line of summer hotels stretching along the coasts and dotting the lake and mountain districts, in the great gatherings like the Chautauqua assemblies, in numerous rail and water excursion lines and the immense resorts of one kind and another, of which every State has its quota. The people of the Eastern States have the New Jersey, Long Island and New England coasts, the White Mountains, the Adirondacks, and the Maine woods for their summer playground. Those of the middle section find recreation among the Wisconsin and Minnesota lakes. Further West are the Rocky Mountain resorts and the Pacific States have their special attractions in Alaska and their own coast line. Then there are the great religious and educational assemblies all over the country, and there are always trips to Europe for those who can afford them. These various outlets enable 8,000,000 persons to take their vacations without much disturbance or crowding anywhere.

There are between 20,000 and 25,000 summer hotels in the country. They furnish employment for 300,000 people. New York leads all the other States in the number of these hotels, containing something like 4000 of them within its borders. New Jersey is a good second, while Maine, New Hampshire and California have many. The largest single resort is Atlantic City, N. J. The ordinary population is about 27,000. Its summer population varies from 75,000 to 200,000. Saratoga is, or at least it was until recently, the second on the list. Asbury Park and Bar Harbor are among the largest. In Atlantic City alone there are more than 900 places of public entertainment. Estimating these hotels to contain twenty-five rooms each, which is a modest average, there are accommodations for between 40,000 and 50,000 guests. If the hotels are filled to two-thirds of their capacity and one-quarter of the guests arrive and depart each day, this one summer resort can entertain three-quarters of a million people every season. The employes who are engaged directly in looking after the wants of the visitors to this great summer city probably number 15,000. Cooks, waiters and porters to the number of one-third the army of the United States are kept busy in attending to the wants of visitors to this one great summering place. Not less than $20,000,000, the indemnity paid to Spain, is expended here annually for vacation enjoyment.

The same state of affairs, on a slightly smaller scale, prevails in many other parts of the country during the summer season. In the Adirondacks there are more than 1000 hotels, large and small. There are an equal number on the Long Island coast. The Catskills, the White Mountains and the Wisconsin lakes show half as many. There are 300 in Asbury Park. Computing these hotels to contain an average of twenty rooms each and to be filled to two-thirds of their capacity during the summer, the hotel bill of Americans on their vacations must amount to at least $1,500,000 a day during the hot season.

In addition to the hotels there are thousands of village and farm houses where summer boarders are lodged and fed. In some parts of the country nearly every family takes summer boarders, and there are probably as many who find entertainment in this way as visit the hotels. The great American summer board bill cannot fall short of $2,000,000 a week.

All over the mountain and lake districts are located camps where summer vacationists pitch their tents and live in more or less primitive fashion. The number of those who spend their outings in this fashion grows larger every year. It is considerably above the million mark now. Their expenditures for camp outfits, provisions and guides must aggregate $25,000,000.

Others who like the freedom of independent vacation trips, but who do not care for the piny woods, turn to yachting as a means of recreation. A coasting trip on a small sailboat affords an inexpensive and delightful summer vacation. The fleet of yachts and pleasure craft that dots the coast and inland waters every season numbers something like 10,000 and represents an expenditure that adds several millions to the debit side of our pleasure account.

The Chautauqua movement has made the vacation idea popular with thousands who never entertained it before. The Central Chautauqua and its seventy-odd branches gather together from 100,000 to 1,000,000 persons at all times during the season. With the other educational, religious and temperance assemblies, the Chautauquas continually entertain no fewer than 1,000,000 pleasure seekers, and represents an expenditure probably not less than $2,000,000 a day.

Any comprehensive account of the amounts paid out for summer vacations by Americans must include a large item under the head of ocean travel. In any ordinary season the cabin lists of all the Atlantic liners are crowded from May until September. A certain amount of this travel is on account of business, but the majority of the travelers are on pleasure bent. In addition to the regular voyages of the liners there are many special trips to various parts of the world which claim thousands of voyagers.

It is not usual to consider the large cities, like Chicago, New York and Boston, as summer resorts, but it is a fact that a good many persons spend their vacations in these places. For example, it is said to be easier to rent certain high class apartments in New York and Chicago in summer than in winter. They are taken for the most part by visitors from the South, who choose this time to visit the Northern cities and view their various attractions. Many clergymen, teachers and professional men from other parts of the country spend their vacations in one or another of the large cities, where they can make use of libraries or other conveniences that they desire to enjoy.

Practically all of these vacation trips add to the income of some one of the railway systems of the country. The general passenger agent of one of the smaller lines says that the income of his road from vacation passenger travel is $600,000. In the case of the great systems like the Pennsylvania and the New York Central this business must be worth from $1,500,000 to $2,000,000 annually.

The individual cost of these vacation trips varies from a few dollars for railroad fare in the case of the man who visits relatives or friends in the country to $10,000 or above for those who stop at expensive hotels in fashionable resorts. Altogether it is quite within the bounds of reason to say that Americans spend, on account of their summer pleasures, from $400,000,000 to $500,000,000. This is a tidy sum to expand for the sake of having a good time. If all Americans were willing to dispense with their outings and to turn the amount thus saved over to the Government the amount would be sufficient to extinguish the national debt of $915,000,000 in two years. It is nearly double the entire expense of the Spanish-American War.

The summer vacation has come to be a social and financial movement of the first importance. The influence on business and trade of the movement of $500,000,000 is not to be overlooked. The money is scattered broadcast among railways, hotels and tradesmen in every part of the country. A large part of it reaches the persons employed by the railways, hotels and tradesmen and stimulates the labor markets in places where it is apt to need such an influence. Ultimately most of this money returns whence it came, through purchase made by the country residents, hotel employes and others who receive it. Thus it completes the course followed by the vacation seekers themselves and is of double benefit to the business community.

WISE WORDS.

Let honor be to us as strong an obligation as necessity is to others.—Pliny.

Give me a sober nation and I will take care of the revenue.—W. E. Gladstone.

Beauty is the first present nature gives to woman and the first it takes away.—Mere.

Brevity is the best recommendation of speech, whether in a senator or an orator.—Cicero.

There is nothing so clear-sighted and sensible as a noble mind in a low estate.—Jane Porter.

If idleness does not produce vice or malevolence it commonly produces melancholy.—Sidney Smith.

The flights of the human mind are not from enjoyment to enjoyment but from hope to hope.—Johnson.

Home is the sphere of harmony and peace. The spot where angels find a resting place, when bearing blessings they descend to earth.—S. J. Hale.

Whatever be the motive of an insult it is always best to overlook it, for folly scarcely can deserve resentment and malice is punished by neglect.—Johnson.

The shortest and surest way to live with honor in the world is to be in reality what we would appear to be; and if we observe, we shall find that all human virtues increase and strengthen themselves by the practice and experience of them.—Socrates.

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THE ITEM,

NEW OXFORD, PA.

FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 21, 1899.

Predicted Their Death.

Having predicted several years ago that he would die this year, and being overtaken with a conviction on Wenesday that his death was imminent, although he was apparently in good health, Daniel W. Vanatta, supervisor of the New Jersey State Hospital for the insane at Trenton, made the most minute preparations for his funeral and was found dead in bed Thursday morning.

Mr. Vanatta called on James Murphy, an undertaker, Wednesday, and chose a plain casket, giving directions for the inscription on the plate. He ordered four coaches, and, having picked out a black suit, asked for the bill, which he paid. Funeral services, in which the arrangements made were carried out, were held and the body was taken to Martin's Creek, Pa., for interment

At Chester, predicting his death Wednesday, William Brewington, closed his eyes as the time he named drew near, and expired. Mr. Brewington made the prediction to his wife. "I will die today," he said, "and I will not die until after the dinner hour." Mrs. Brewington regarded the statement as a vagary of a sick man, who was not thought to be seriously ill.

In Williamsport, Wednesday, Mrs. John B. Davis, of Washington, D. C., died at the home of her sister, Mrs. Mary Piatt Brown, of cancer. Mrs. Davis, many months ago, predicted that she would die on July 12, 1899.

THE APPETITE OF A GOAT—Is envied by all poor dyspeptics whose Stomach and Liver are out of order. All such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, the wonderful Stomach and Liver Remedy, gives a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular bodily habit that insures perfect health and great energy. Only 25c. at I. R. Wehler's drug store.

Chicken thieves are doing a wholesale business at Shippensburg. It is estimated that no less than one thousand chickens have been stolen within the past month from the farmers on the south side of the Cumberland Valley.

Jurors for August.

LIST OF GRAND JURORS.—List of Jurors drawn for Court of Quarter Sessions to be held at Gettysburg the fourth Monday of August, 1899.

Bechtel, Charles, Berwick.
Bowers, P. A. T., Butler.
Bittinger, John R., Berwick.
Bowers, Wm. M., Tyrone.
Deardorff, Christian, Butler.
Decker, Walter H., Straban.
Diehl, C. A., New Oxford.
Himes, Wm. A., New Oxford.
Hoke, J. C., Gettysburg.
Herring, Abram, Freedom.
Hoffheins, Alex, Straban.
Jacobs, Ernest E., Hamilton.
Kauffman, C. K., Hamilton.
Morrison, Scott W., Menallen.
Newman, Oliver, Union.
Pearson, C. E., East Berlin.
Reading, Joseph, Cumberland.
Stineberger, Joseph, Huntington,
Stevens, Jacob, Germany.
Sites, Geo. F., Liberty
Shetron, John A., Huntington.
Thomas, Joseph D., Bendersville.
Tawney, John J., Gettysburg.
Zimmerman, Geo., Liberty.

List of Petit Jurors.

Baker, Wm. P., Hamilton.
Bolen, Jacob A., Tyrone.
Bushey, Jacob W., Tyrone.
Barker, Chas. C., Littlestown.
Cobean, J. Harvey, Gettysburg.
Cooley, Philip, Bendersville.
Cole, Francis X., Franklin.
Chronister, E. W., Oxford.
Deatrich, G. Wm., Butler.
Deardorff, Anthony, Butler.
Fissel, Albert, Huntington.
First, Jacob A., Latimore.
Howard, Ephraim, Straban.
Kemper, David, Tyrone.
Kimple, Theodore, Franklin.
Krug, Geo. F., Germany.
Longsdorff, C. L., Menallen.
Little, Daniel J., Gettysburg.
Mowery, John, Butler.
Miller, Eli. P., Berwick.
Miller, Chas. H., Reading.
Musselman, John B., Hamiltonban.
McCann, Joseph, McSherrystown.
Null, Geo. W., Oxford.
Nickey, John M., Reading.
Neiderer, Pius, Mountpleasant.
Overbaugh, Jerome, McSherrystown.
Pricket, Joseph W., Menallen.
Plank, Geo. G., Arendtsville.
Pittenturf, C. S., Huntington.
Rice Waybright, Menallen.
Stable, Thomas J., Gettysburg.
Stewart, D. M., York Springs.
Tschop, Geo. R., East Berlin.
Thompson, Hall, Straban.
Wortz, Harry, Hamiltonban.
Weigle, Henry, Tyrone.
Werley, J. O., Reading.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

LIST OF MERCHANTS.

IN pursuance of the several Acts of Assembly in this Commonwealth, authorizing the assessment of taxes on all persons engaged in the selling or vending of goods, wares, merchandise, commodities or effects, of whatsoever kind or nature at wholesale or retail, the undersigned, Mercantile Appraiser for Adams County, has prepared the following list, viz:

GETTYSBURG BOR. 1ST WARD.

Atlantic Refining Co	13	10 00
Buehler, H F	12	12 50
Blocher, J O	14	7 00
Bream, F M	13	10 00
Culp, E H	14	7 00
Codori, W F	14	7 00
Codori, S J	14	7 00
Davis, Max	13	10 00
Deardorff, C B	14	7 00
Faber, E S	14	7 00
Hanover Produce Co	14	7 00
Cirsin, Lewis	14	7 00
Kitzmiller, C B	14	7 00
Lieberman, N Agt	13	10 00
Livers, J A	14	7 00
Mickley, Morgon	14	7 00
Myers, B F	14	7 00
Myers, Penrose	14	7 00
Oyler, W & Bro	14	7 00
Spangler, S G & Co	14	7 00
Sanders, J H & Son	12	15 00
Swartz, D J	13	10 00
Sheads, J L	14	7 00
Smith, A J	14	7 00
Spangler, G W	13	10 00
Spangler, Geo E	14	7 00
Troxel, D	14	7 00
Warner, Mrs A M	14	7 00
Wolf, J Geo Sons, Lim	11	15 00
Walter, J M	14	7 00
Wierman, W H	13	10 00
Wierman, Mrs W H	14	7 00
Weaver, G W	7	20 00
Weigand & Homan	14	7 00
Wasson, M T	14	7 00
Young, H F	14	7 00

GETTYSBURG BOR. 2ND WARD.

Becker & Eckenrode	14	7 00
Benner, H S	14	7 00
Buehler, L M	13	10 00
Blocher, C A	14	7 00
Bream, R Wm	14	7 00
Brinkerhoff, H J Jr	14	7 00
Daugherty & Hartley	10	20 00
Eckert, Amos	12	12 50
Elliott, R M	14	7 00
Faber, Samuel	14	7 00
Garlach, J W	14	7 00
Hallem, I	14	7 00
Minnigh, E H	14	7 00
Miller, L, D	14	7 00
Minter, E F	14	7 00
Myers, J H	13	10 00
Minnigh J M	14	7 00
Miller, P A	14	7 00
Mumper & Bender	13	10 00
McIlhenny, W A	14	7 00
Myers, C B	14	7 00
People's Drug Store,	14	7 00
Pettis J W	14	7 00
Reiling, J E	14	7 00
Rowe, J M	14	7 00
Shoomaker, Jacob	14	7 00
Stock, Geo E	14	7 00
Skelly & Warner	10	20 00
Spangler, A	13	10 00
Spangler, C E	14	7 00
Tipton, J. F	14	7 00
Tipton, W H	14	7 00
Wonder, R A	14	7 00

GETTYSBURG BOR. 3RD WARD.

Brinkerhoff, H J Sr	14	7 00
Earnshaw, Blake	14	7 00
Gettysburg Confectionery Co	14	7 00
Mayer, Wm H	13	10 00
Martin, W J	14	7 00
Ogden, Wm	14	7 00
Steinour, G W	14	7 00
Weaver, G W	14	7 00
Winebrenner, T J	14	7 00
Wisotzkey, E P	14	7 00

LITTLESTOWN BOR.

	CLASS.	LICENSE
Crouse, J E	14	7 00
Crouse, C	13	10 00
Crouse, C	14	7 00
Conover, H S	14	7 00
Eline, F & Son	14	7 00
Fink & Crouse	13	10 00
Forney, J H	14	7 00
Garrott, Anderson	14	7 00
Grove, Geo D	14	7 00
Gettier, C P	13	10 00
Gerrich, Andrew	14	7 00
Gitt, Geo Z	14	7 00
Hartman, R A	13	10 00
Hahn, U. L	14	7 00
Humpert, Adam	14	7 00
Kump, Geo S	13	10 00
Lippy E H & Son	14	7 00
Lansinger, H N	14	7 00
Mitter, Myer	14	7 00
Mayer, J D	14	7 00
Mehring, J H	14	7 00
Myers, Hary	14	7 00
Mehring, L T	13	10 00
Martin, Harry	14	7 00
Quigley, M A	14	7 00
Rebert, S H	13	10 00
Slaughenhaubt, Mrs M E	14	7 00
Slagle, E C	14	7 00
Seiss, R S	14	7 00
Shorb, John A	14	7 00
Study, Nelson	14	7 00
Slifer, J N	14	7 00
Starr & Sanders	13	10 00
Smucker, Abia	14	7 00
Wilson, R H	14	7 00

CUMBERLAND TWP.

Bigham, H P	14	7 00
Bushman, S V	14	7 00
Beecher, J H	14	7 00
Plank, J J	14	7 00
Riley & Rider	14	7 00

GERMANY TWP.

Krug, Geo F	13	10 00

HIGHLAND TWP.

Hammers, S S W	13	10 00
Knox Bros	14	7 00

FAIRFIELD BOR.

Barton & McCleaf	13	10 00
Cunningham, James	14	7 00
Musselman, J M	13	10 00
Musselman, A	14	7 00
Neely, J U	13	10 00
Rinedollar, J J	13	10 00
Rogers, W C	14	7 00

FREEDOM TWP.

Felix, J S & Co	14	7 00

HAMILTONBAN TWP.

Betts, B A	14	7 00
Eyler, D C	14	7 00
Heyser, Wm	14	7 00
Kready & Son	13	10 00
King, E E	14	7 00
Kissinger, J E	14	7 00
King, Emanuel	14	7 00
Martin, D B	14	7 00
Nary, J C	14	7 00

LIBERTY TWP.

Longnecker, A	14	7 00
Wortz, B B	14	7 00

FRANKLIN TWP.

Andrew, W O	14	7 00
Bream, H L	13	10 00
Deardorff, D	14	7 00
Little, E J	14	7 00
Lower, C T	14	7 00
Miller N	14	7 00
Mickley, D A	14	7 00
Miller, M J	14	7 00
Settle, W. J	14	7 00

MOUNTJOY TWP.

Mills, A S	14	7 00
Sherman, J T	14	7 00
Schwartz, Allen	14	7 00
Strickhouser, C W	14	7 00
Yost, C A	14	7 00

MOUNTPLEASANT TWP.

Decker, C A	14	7 00
Golden, E L	14	7 00
Noel, I A	14	7 00
Rickrode, J F	14	7 00
Staub, J J	14	7 00
Sheely, J S	14	7 00
Sheely, C F	14	7 00
Smith, E S	14	7 00
Stonem, J	14	7 00

NEW OXFORD BOR.

Bollinger, W H	14	7 00
Cashman, Z H	13	10 00
Diehl, C E	13	10 00
Emmert & Bro	13	10 00
Feiser, A S	14	7 00
Gilbert & Son	13	10 00
Hiteshew, M S	14	7 00
Hersh, J N	14	7 00
Lingg & Bro	14	7 00
Miller, J E C	13	10 00
Plank, J M	14	7 00
Sheely & Bro,	11	15 00
Sheely, A	14	7 00
Smith, G W & Co	14	7 00
Schnell, H K	14	7 00
Smith, O A	14	7 00
Wehler, Randolph	14	7 00
Weaver, J S	14	7 00

EAST BERLIN BOR.

Brown, D E	14	7 00
Bower, J C	14	7 00
Elsessor, L G	14	7 00
Fogelsonger, H H	14	7 00
Gise, Daniel	14	7 00
Glatfelter, R B	14	7 00
Kauffman, E L	14	7 00
Leas, W G	13	10 00
Miller, Adam C	14	7 00
Miller & Smiley	14	7 00
Resser, W F	14	7 00
Spahr, C M	12	12 50
Sprenkle, N B	14	7 00
Sprenkle, N B	14	7 00
Spangler, W T	14	7 00
Spangler, C M	14	7 00
Spangler, C C	13	10 00
Straley, Stephen	14	7 00
Winand, E C	14	7 00
Wolf, C F	14	7 00

CONEWAGO TWP.

Shafer, H E	14	7 00
Small, L J	14	7 00

M'SHERRYSTOWN BOR. 1ST WARD.

Burkee, Joseph	14	7 00
Johns, S L	10	20 00
Riley, J T	14	7 00
Timmins, G W	14	7 00

M'SHERRYSTOWN BOR. 2ND WARD.

Aiken, C G	14	7 00
Poist, J A & Co	14	7 00
Smith, F X	13	10 00
Small, Samuel J	14	7 00
Smith, C D	14	7 00

HUNTINGTON TWP.

Crist, A	14	7 00
Day, Henry	14	7 00
Fink, M A	14	7 00
Meals, Hannah A	14	7 00

YORK SPRINGS BOR.

Deardorff, A	14	7 00
Elliott, M J	14	7 00
Emmert G W & Bro	12	12 50
Gardner, Kenton	13	10 00
Hartzell, G W	13	10 00
Kirson, L E	14	7 00
Pearson, H B	14	7 00
Reigle, Geo P	14	7 00

LATIMORE TWP.

Brough, Mrs L A	14	7 00
Coulson, A W & Co	13	10 00
Lerew, Jesse	14	7 00
Lerew, J Frank	14	7 00
Peters, Mrs S A	14	7 00

MENALLEN TWP.

Asper, F. A	13	10 00
Eppleman, E E	14	7 00
Murtorff, L J	14	7 00
Rex & Blair	14	7 00
Warren, Mrs Caroline	14	7 00

TYRONE TWP.

Fink, M A	14	7 00
Houck, W S	14	7 00
Myers, D B	13	10 00
Neely, E M	14	7 00
Slaybaugh, S B	14	7 00

BENDERSVILLE BOR.

Detter, W	14	7 00
Gochenour, S B	13	10 00
Howard, W J	14	7 00
Snyder, W L	14	7 00
Yeatts, H A	14	7 00

BUTLER TWP.

Hoffman, A L	12	12 50
Koser, G W	13	10 00
Lower, H R	13	10 00
Meals, W	14	7 00
Stevens, E M	13	10 00

OXFORD TWP.

Martin, J M	14	7 00

BERWICK BOR.

Trone & Lillich	14	7 00
Berkheimer, N M	14	7 00
Carns, J B	14	7 00
Dosh, C	14	7 00
Duncan, S H	14	7 00
Freed, E E	14	7 00
Jordy, Lewis	14	7 00
Miller, E P	14	7 00
Sowers, S K	14	7 00

STRABAN TWP.

Deatrick, H G	14	7 00
Decker, John	14	7 00
Duttera, J H	14	7 00
Guiden, Wm	14	7 00
Miller, L D	14	7 00
Stalismith, J A	14	7 00
Taughinbaugh, S E	14	7 00
Winand C E	14	7 00

BERWICK TWP.

Ehrhart, S K	14	7 00

READING TWP.

Myers, A A	14	7 00
March, Geo B	13	10 00
Myers, H	13	10 00
Miller, H L	14	7 00

UNION TWP.

Sell, O A	14	7 00

ARENDTSVILLE BOR.

Arendt, C P	14	7 00
Klepper, C H	11	15 00
Mark, H P	14	7 00
Raffensperger, P E	14	7 00
Spangler, E	14	7 00
Trostle, A F	14	7 00
Trostle, H W	12	12 50

EATING HOUSE LICENSES.

Bumbaugh, S J, 2nd ward, Gettysburg,	8	5 00
Eline, Mrs A M, 1st ward, McSherrystown	8	5 00
Hershey, B H, York Springs	8	5 00
Miller, F G, East Berlin	8	5 00
McCullough, Mrs Sarah, 2nd ward, Gettysburg	8	5 00
Shaffer & Sebright, East Berlin	8	5 00
Stover, Jacob, 2nd ward, Gettysburg	8	5 00
Whimert, Harry, Littlestown Borough	8	5 00

BILLIARD AND POOL LICENSES.

Kitzmiller, W H, 1st ward, Gettysburg		40 00

And any person commencing retailing after the time at which licenses are issuable, shall take out a license from that time until the next yearly issuing thereof, for which period he shall pay at the rate of twenty dollars for the whole year.

An appeal will be held at the Commissioners' office, in Gettysburg, on Thursday, July 27th, 1899, where any one aggrieved by the above assessment may attend and be heard if they so desire.

E. P. SACHS,
Merchantile Appraiser.

July 6.

The Hummer.

WANTED.

3,000 pounds of Lard, must be delivered before the 17th of August. Will pay 6c per pound in trade for same, (sugar excepted). This is a good price for lard, so take advantage of the high price while it lasts.

CHAS. E. HUMMER,
High and Chestnut Sts., HANOVER, PA.

PITCHERS.

We are overstocked with Pitchers and Glassware and we have put on a price to move them. It will be to your interest to call if you need anything in this line

Our Grocery Stock

is complete, and we MEET ALL COMPETITION.

WE WANT

Eggs, Lard and Cured Meats.

Your orders will be highly appreciated. Respt.

M. S. H., ON THE SQUARE

CARPETS!

We have been headquarters for Carpets and now have increased our large stock by adding 40 rolls of all new patterns of Ingrain Carpets at such prices that will surprise you.
All grades, from 25 cents up.
Good all wool carpet for 40 cents.

G. B. NACE & SON, Next door to Saving Fund, Hanover

FOR **PRUNES, PEACHES, RAISINS, &C.,**
The Finest in Town,
HEINZ'S APPLE BUTTER AND JELLIES.
FRESH OYSTERS DAILY
at **Plymire's Store,** CENTER SQ., NEW OXFORD, PA.

ELMER E. WENTZ

SQUARE AND NO. 2 BALTO. ST., - - HANOVER, PA.

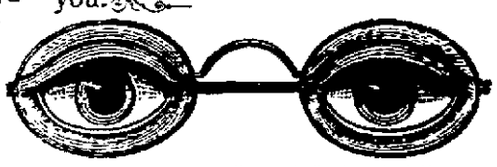
Summer Announcement.

White Goods, Laws, Dimities, White and Colored Piques, Ginghams, Wash Silks, Plain and Fancy Silk for Waists, Ladies' Waists, Underwear, Vests, &c.; White and Fancy Shirts.
Great Bargains in Hose and Half Hose, Collars, Neckwear, &c.
Full line of all kinds of Dry Goods, Feathers, &c., &c.

GO TO
GILBERT & SON
FOR
MASURY'S R. R. PAINT,....
....AND LEWIS' OILS.
JOCKEY HARNESS OIL,
Sewer Pipes, Barb, Smooth and all kinds Fencing Wire. Also a complete line of
Screen DOORS AND WINDOWS.
We have the largest line of cuttlery and Builders supplies in the county. Prices always the lowest.
Call to see us.
CENTER SQUARE, NEW OXFORD.

JOB PRINTING of every description executed at the ITEM office. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Let me protect your EYES before it is too late. I will save them for you.



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THE ITEM;

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BY H. J. SMITH.

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ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at usual rates—liberal reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest handbill or poster.

FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 21, 1899.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

Oats smut has done thousands of dollars worth of damage in Cumberland county.

The wholesale slaughter of drummers by the Trusts promises to injure not only the hotel business but many others.

Too many young girls in New Oxford are permitted to roam at will 'twixt dark and dawn. What will the harvest be?

Mr. and Mrs. B. Lackamp, Elston, Mo. writes: "One Minute Cough Cure saved the life of our little boy when nearly dead with croup." Randolph Wehler.

The Ladies Mite Society of St. Paul's Reformed church held their picnic in Hersh's grove at the iron bridge, near town, on Tuesday.

Remember the date of the New Oxford picnic—Tuesday, August 1st. Great preparations are being made for the occasion.

The Paradise picnic will be held on Saturday, August 19th, in the church grove.

S. L. Johns, of McSherrystown, has bought to place at his mills in Oxford township, one of those large power cider presses manufactured by Boomer & Boschert, of Syracuse N. Y.

"What might have been"—if that little cough hadn't been neglected—is the sad reflection of thousands of consumptives. One Minute Cough Cure cures coughs and colds. Randolph Wehler.

The Penn Grove camp-meeting, under the auspices of the United Brethren church of the Baltimore District of the Pennsylvania Conference, will begin Friday, July 28th.

There is nothing in the theory that horse-shoes bring good luck. What animal works harder than the horse or is treated worse in its old age? Yet it wears four of them.

J. B. Weaver, of the Weaver M'f'g. Co., had a piece of steel strike him in the right eye while working at an emory wheel, on Tuesday, causing him to suffer great pain.

A number of the P. O. S. of A. Camp, of Bendersville, paid a fraternal visit to the Camp of this place, on Monday evening. They came down in the Bendersville band wagon.

Pure, clean blood and a healthy liver result from the use of DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the "famous little pills." They cure constipation, billiousness and sick-headache. Randolph Wehler.

The festival under the auspices of the Lutheran Sunday School of Hampton, will be held in the Lutheran church yard at that place, on Saturday evening July 22. The proceeds to be used for purchasing a new library.

At 2 o'clock Saturday morning, July 8, thieves entered the cellar at the residence of Geo. D. Grove, of Littlestown, and stole a roll of butter, crock of milk and half a can of lard. Entrance was gained by opening the cellar door on the back porch.

What if the "news" in to-day's paper were the same as last week's? What if the publisher merely changed the date and issued the same matter week after week? Would anybody read it? How about your store "news" which stands in the paper week after week?

DeWitt's Little Early Risers benefit permanently. They lend gentle assistance to nature, causing no pains or weakness, permanently curing constipation and liver ailments. Randolph Wehler.

The Diamond Match company has secured control of the match factory at Hanover, owned and operated by W. L. Glatfelter, of Spring Grove, and C. E. Moul, of Hanover. About 150 employes of the factory have been advised to seek work elsewhere, which means that the trust will operate no factory in Hanover.

We would remind those of our patrons who promised to pay up arrears after harvest, that the time is now here. We need money, come along, we are ready to fill out receipts for you. There are also a number who are owing for job work and advertising that we would be pleased to have call to see us.

"We have sold many different cough remedies, but none has given better satisfaction than Chamberlain's," says Mr. Charles Holzhauer, Druggist, Newark, N. J. "It is perfectly safe and can be relied upon in all cases of coughs, colds or hoarseness. Sold by all druggists.

About twenty young people, gentlemen and ladies, from East Berlin, took supper at the Eagle Hotel, this place, on Tuesday evening.

Mrs. James Long, of Cumberland township, while walking up stairs one evening last week, fell and broke her nose.

Since July 1st an additional stamp clerk has been allowed the Gettysburg Postoffice, at a salary of $400 a year. Mrs. Geo. F. Young has been appointed to the position.

Wm. Marshall, of near Marshall's Station, beyond Fairfield, had two fine cows killed by the engine of Saturday evening's passenger train.

Gun-shot wounds and powder-burns, cuts, bruises, sprains, wounds from rusty nails, insect strings and ivy poisoning.—quickly healed by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Positively prevents blood poisoning. Beware of counterfeits. "DeWitt's" is safe and sure. Randolph Wehler.

The heaviest down-pour of rain in a long time fell in this place about 7 o'clock on Saturday evening, the streets were covered with water and on Carlisle street the side-gutters were overflowed and the sidewalks were covered with several inches of water.

The Emmitsburg Chronicle says that lightning struck a flock of sheep belonging to George W. Miller, who resides on Andrew Annan's farm near that place, Wednesday evening. There were fifteen sheep in the flock and fourteen of them were killed

About fifty of the base ball enthusiasts of this place, witnessed the game between the McSherrystown and Gettysburg teams, on the former's grounds, on Saturday afternoon. The score was 2 to 0 in favor of the McSherrystown club. Our boys were seemingly very much dissatisfied at the treatment the Gettysburg team received from the umpire during the game.

J. V. Hobbs, M. D, Fort Valley, Ge., says: "I have been practicing medicine twenty-five years and know piles to be one of the most difficult of diseases to cure, but have known DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve to cure numbers of cases and do not hesitate to recommend it." Be sure you get "DeWitt's;" there are injurious counterfeits on sale. Randolph Wehler.

On Saturday last, Mr. John F. Miller, of Water street, caught eleven fine Bass from the Big Conewago. Among them was one that measured 20 inches in length and weighed 3½ pounds.

On the same day Mr. Wm. H. Sheely, of Church street, also succeeded in landing eleven Bass, four of which weighed from 1½ to 2 pounds.

Frank Howe, of near Abbottstown, had a narrow escape one day last week. He was beginning to thresh and had an unbroken horse which he had to lead a few times around. While doing this one leg of his pantaloons caught at one of the knuckles on the rod of the machine, and as the goods was strong he would surely have been drawn down, but the feeder heard him cry and stopped the machine by choking it with wheat. As it was, Mr. Howe was somewhat bruised.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers expel from the system all poisonous accumulations, regulate the stomach, bowls and liver, and purify the blood. They drive away disease, dissipate, melancholy, and give health and vigor for the daily routine Do not gripe or sicken. Randolph Wehler.

Thursday morning, the 13th, James Spalding, O. S. B., of Littlestown, was raised to the order of a priest of the Roman Catholic church, in the church of St. Vincent's Seminary, Latrobe, Pa., by Rt. Rev. Richard Phelah, D. D., Bishop of the Diocese of Pittsburg. Father Spalding had previously been made Sub-Deacon and Deacon by a cousin of his, the Rt. Rev. Dr. J L. Spalding, Bishop of Peoria, Ill., in the Cathedral at that place.

Father Spalding, after finishing his college course, elected to join the Benedictine order of Priests, which is a missionary order and one of the most rigorous in the church.

Mrs. Elizabeth Yeatts, of Hunterstown, has been suffering for two years from a large cystic fibroid tumor of the left breast. Thursday she had Dr. C. E. Goldsborough, assisted by Dr. J. R. Dickson and Dr. Melhorn remove it, the operation requiring the excission of the left breast. Although nearly 79 years of age, she bore the operation well, never missing a meal, sat up in bed on the second day and ever since has been up about the house, an example of remarkable fortitude and endurance.

NO RIGHT TO UGLINESS.—The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking, charming woman of a run-down invalid. Only 50 cents at I. R. Wehler's Drug Store.

PERSONAL.

Mark T. Swartz, cashier of the First National Bank of Nazareth, Pa., spent a few days with his father, Mr. J. O. Swartz, Philadelphia street.

Mrs. Vincent Kuhn, of Altoona, Pa., and Miss Annie Wassem, of Gettysburg, spent several days, last week, as the guests of Mrs. J. F. Maguir, on Philadelphia street.

Misses Agnes and Annie Brown, Mary Arbegast and Sallie Altland, of this place, spent Sunday with friends at Westminster.

Miss Grace and Master Harold Smith, of McSherrystown, are spending the week with their cousins; Misses Blanch and Ruth Smith, of High street, and Henry J. Smith, of Pitt street.

Burgess Geo. C. Sheely, has been confined to the house for the past week with a severe attack of rheumatism of the heart.

Mrs. John Morse and five children, of Baltimore, are here to spend the summer months.

Wm. G. Smyser, of Topeka, Kansas, arrived here last week and will spend several weeks with his father-in-law, Mr. Jos. S. Gitt. Mrs. Smyser has been here for several weeks.

Miss Ada Lough, of Frederick City, Md., spent several days with her cousin, Miss Iva Lough, Hanover street.

W. H. Bollinger, wife and son Earl, of Philadelphia street, spent Sunday with her parents, A. E. Buckminster and wife, at Hanover.

Mrs. Martin Heltzel, of Philadelphia street, is visiting friends at Washington, D. C.

Mr. Joseph Kellenberger and wife, of York, visited friends in this vicinity, over Sunday.

Miss Ada Hahan, of McSherrystown, is spending several days in town, the guest of Miss Daisy Rhea, Pitt street.

Rev. Clement Burger, of the Immaculate Conception church, spent several days at Lancaster, this week.

C. K. Yeager, Esq., left Tuesday morning for Michigan on a business trip.

Rev. F. Hesse, pastor of the Lutheran churches of this place, McSherrystown and New Baltimore, has been granted a four weeks vacation.

H. W. Weidner, of York Springs, this county, has been elected principal of the Hanover High School.

Rev. L. M. Gardner, of York Springs, filled the pulpit of the M. E. church Sunday evening in the absence of Rev. Glenn who is on his vacation, at his home, Centre county.

Mr. J. C. Barnitz and family, of Philadelphia, spent a few days with his mother, Mrs. Maria Barnitz, and friends in this place.

Hon. D. McConaughy, the nestor of the Adams County Bar, celebrated his 76th birthday last week.

Mrs. Levi Stock is lying quite seriously ill at her home on Peters street.

Dr. Geo. P. Weaver, of Arendtsville, left last week on a visit to England and Germany.

Brakeman's Foot Mashed.

At 7.40 o'clock Tuesday morning. W. G. Snyder of Littlestown, a brakeman on the Littlestown local freight of the Pennsylvania Railroad, met with a painful accident, near the freight depot, at Hanover. Mr. Snyder was endeavoring with a heavy iron bar to stop a loaded freight car, which was being run into a siding. While doing this, he placed his right foot on the rail in front of the car. The car came along at a more rapid speed than anticipated by Mr. Snyder, and the bar was pressed down on his foot, the wheel of the car running over the bar. Mr. Snyder was carried into a caboose, and Dr. J. H. Bittinger, the railroad physician, and his alternate, Dr. H. M. Alleman, sent for. It was necessary to amputate the large toe, which was done by Dr. Bittinger. The second toe was dislocated, and an ugly flesh wound cut in the foot.

St. Swithim's Day.

Saturday was St Swithim's day, a meteorological saint, to whom tradition has given a reputation as a weather prophet similar to that of the ground hog. In fact, St. Lwithim, who was the Bishop of Winchester, England, something more than a thousand years ago, is to the summer what the ground hog is to the late winter and early spring, so far as weather is concerned. The old adage regarding him is to the effect that if it rains or is fair on St. Swithim's day, July 15, there will be a continuous track of wet or dry weather for the forty days coming. The old lines say:—

"St. Swithim's Day, if thou dost rain,
For forty days it will remain;
St. Swithim's Day, if thou be fair,
For forty days 'twill rain nae mair."

An unknown culprit threw a large black snake through an open church window at Pinegrove, Cumberland county. Sunday. It landed in the midst of a congregation on its knees in prayer. The advent of the snake created a panic.

The Success of a Town.

The success of a town depends much on the class of people who occupy it. One has only to visit a place to verify this statement. If the people work together for every enterprise furthering the town's interests, and lay aside petty jealousies the place will prosper. But one man, who persists in telling every visitor that comes to town that it is the worst place in the country; that the people are all knaves and the merchants cutthroats, can do more harm than forty men can counteract by good words. If you want to grow and see a town grow, take your hands out of your pockets, roll up your sleeves, "spat" on your hands and wade in to help your neighbor up the steep incline and in so doing gain a foot hold for yourself. If your neighbor prospers and you prosper the town and community will soon show signs of prosperity and growth.

An Old Idea Exploded.

The Lancaster Inquirer, in answer to a question, says that "if the branches of a tree growing on one's land extend beyond the line of the same, and over his neighbor's land, the latter may cut them off so far as they extend over his land, but had they been allowed to remain 21 years over the neighbor's land he would have no right to remove them. Fruit hanging on a tree is a part of the real estate and is not the subject of larceny. If the fruit has fallen to the ground the neighbor might pick it up and use it, but while your neighbor may remove the branches, he has no right to the fruit hanging on the tree. It is not the product of his soil or labor. His only right is to remove the obstructions, or proceed against you for allowing them to be there and he cannot make them or their product his own, for if he were to cut the branches off, he would not be entitled to use the wood. While you may not go upon your neighbor's land to pick the fruit from the branches of your tree, you may pick it by staying on the branches even though they extend beyond his line. If he picks your fruit he is a trespasser, if your trees overhang his land you are a trespasser, except, by the law of Pennsylvania, they have been there 21 years."

Frederick Trolley Again.

The Balto. Sun of Monday says a party of New York and Boston capitalists were in Frederick Friday and Saturday obtaining information relative to the construction of an electric railroad through the northern section of Frederick county to the battlefield of Gettysburg, Pa.

The announcement that the Frederick and Middletown electric road earned over $20,000 last year, estimating an 8 per cent. dividend, has aroused much interest in the new road, especially as it will run through several towns from 500 to 1,200 population.

Change Revenue District.

Adams county has been taken from the district over which Deputy Internal Revenue Collector Stover has jurisdiction. Collector Stover made his last trip to that county Wednesday, accompanying Deputy Winfield S. Shroeder, of Gettysburg, over the new territory. Mr. Stover now has Franklin and Fulton in his district. About three years ago Collector Shearer added Adams county to this district.—Record.

Presbyterian Re-union at Pen-mar.

The committee on arrangements for the annual re-union of the Presbyterian hosts, on July 25, at Pen mar have provided a fine programe of exercises for the day in speaking and singing; pronounced one of the best ever prepared for the meeting. The speakers represent the three branches of the Presbyterian church, and are of the best men of these different branches.

Barn Burned.

The large bank barn of A. M. Seitz, about 4½ miles south of York, was Sunday night struck by lightning and entirely consumed, together with all the crops and implements. Some stock was also lost. The amount of the loss is not known.

New Advertisements.

Geo. C. Naylor,—Cider Mills.
N. Lieberman,—Clothing.
H. W. Miller,—Groceries and shoes.
C. E. Hummer,—Wants lard.

The State Live Stock Sanitary Board of Pennsylvania instructed Dr. Moriarty last week to examine and inspect a herd of six cows owned by Wm. Walter near Tillie P. O. The test was made on last Thursday, resulting in finding three of the best cows in the lot to be badly afflicted with the tuberculosis. The deceased animals were condemned and appraised at a fair valuation and were slaughtered by the Dr. on last Friday.

Thomas Rhoads, Centerfield, O, writes: "I suffered from piles seven or eight yrs. No remedy gave me relief until DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, less than a box of which permanently cured me." Soothing, healing, perfectly harmless. Beware of counterfeits. Randolph Wehler.

AN EPIDEMIC OF DIARRHOEA.—Mr. A. Sanders, writing from Cocoanut Grove, Fla., says there has been quite an epidemic of diarrhoea there. He had a severe attack and was cured by four doses of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera Diarrhoea Remedy. He says he also recommended it to others and they say it is the best medicine they ever used. For sale by all druggists.

CHURCH NOTICES.

There will be preaching in St. Paul's Lutheran church next Sunday at 7 p. m.: Sunday School 9 a. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. 6 p m.

REV. FERDINAND HESSE, Pastor.

There will be preaching in the M. E. church next Sunday at 10 a. m.; Sunday School 9 a. m.; Epworth League 6 p. m.

REV. GEORGE M. GLENN, Pastor.

There will be one mass in the Catholic church next Sunday—Low Mass at 7:30 o'clock.

REV. S. CLEMENT BURGER, Pastor.

Harvest Home services in St. Paul's Reformed church next Sunday at 10 a. m. Sunday School 9 a. m.; C. E. Society 6 p. m.; Teachers meeting Thursday 7.30 p. m.

REV. P.E. HEIMER, Pastor.

HIS LIFE WAS SAVED.—Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hanibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with Typhoid Fever, that ran into Pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of Consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong, I can't say too much in its praise." This marvelous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all Throat and Lung Trouble. Regular sizes 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Randolph Wehler's Drug Store: every bottle guaranteed.

September 11th, 12th and 13th with be Masonic days in Gettysburg. The officers of the Grand Lodge, F. & A. M., of the Grand Chapter, R. A. M., and of the Grand Commandery, Knights Templar, will be present during the three days.

The new masonic building, erected by Samuel L Bushman, will be dedicated on the 12th and on Wednesday, the 13th, a Commandery of Knights Templar will be instituted.

To those who drink whiskey for pleasure: HARPER Whiskey adds zest to existance. To those who drink whiskey for health's sake: HARPER Whiskey makes life worth living. Sold by F. L. Fleshman, New Oxford, Pa.

THE MARKETS.

NEW OXFORD.—By Z. H. Cashman

Choice Wheat	$ 68
No. 2 "	0 68
Raked "	50
Rye	48 @ 50
Corn	36 @ 38
Oats	32 @ 35
Clover seed, per lb	2 @ 4
Timothy seed	1.00 @ 1.25
Timothy hay	5.00 @ 7.00
Rye straw	4 00 @ 5.00

MARRIED.

July 5, at Gargol, by Rev. J. Womeldorf, Wm. Brough, of Latimore township, to Miss Lottie Meals, of Huntington township.

DIED.

Deaths free—tributes, verses, &c., 5 cts. a line

July 9, near Idaville, Mrs. Abraham Meals, in her 57th year

BARRELS OF SAMPLES.

Over Two Hundred Thousand Trial Bottles Sent Free by Mail.

By special arrangement with the manufacturers of that justly famous Kidney medicine, Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, the readers of this paper are enabled to obtain a trial bottle and pamphlet of valuable medical advice absolutely free, by simply sending their full name and post office address to the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y., and mentioning this paper.

Of course this involves enormous expense to the manufacturers, but they have received so many grateful letters from those who have been benefited and cured of the various diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder and Blood, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Chronic Constipation, and all weaknesses peculiar to women, that they willingly send trial bottles to all sufferers.

Upon investigation it was found that 91 per cent of those who had used the trial bottle had received such benefit from it that they purchased large sized bottles of their druggists.

It matters not how sick you are or how many physicians have failed to help you, send for a trial bottle of this great medicine, it costs you but a postal card, and benefit and cure will most certainly be the result.

Put some urine in a glass tumbler and let it stand 24 hours; if it has a sediment or if it is pale or discolored, milky or cloudy, stringy or ropy, your Kidneys or Bladder are in a bad condition. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy speedily cures such dangerous symptoms as pain in the back, inability to hold urine, a burning scalding pain in passing it, frequent desire to urinate, especially at night, the staining of linen by your urine and all the unpleasant and dangerous effects on the system produced by the use of whiskey, wine or beer. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is sold at all drug stores at $1.00 for a large bottle; six bottles for $5.00.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Czar's movement toward abolishing exile to Siberia is most commendable. It is a pity he feels constrained to abolish the liberties of Finland at the same time.

The interest in sports is increasing rapidly, and so long as the professional and money-making elements are absent, there need be no fear that the country will not continue to engage in all forms of manly exercise, either directly or by proxy.

One of the ab'est jurists in Louisville, Ky., has decided that if a woman wears a man's hat into his court she must take it off the same as if she were a man. It has remained for this great mind to discover that there is such a thing as sex in hats—and by the same token he would probably permit a man who wears a woman's hat to keep it on his head!

The Philadelphia Inquirer, dwelling on the fact that England has ordered locomotives and bridges from us, observes: "The next century is obviously to witness a great change in the relative positions of the nations. England's coal and iron are already too hard to get at, and it is this, as much as anything, which is giving other countries the advantage over her."

The commissioners to decide upon the canal across the Nicaraguan Isthmus have now, it is said, agreed upon a route and settled their other differences, so that the work may be expected to go forward. The cost is estimated at $125,000,000 and what is called the "Lull" route is favored. It is thought that Congress will accept the report of the commissioners and that work on the canal will be started at once. If so we shall soon be a month nearer the China coast by water and we may expect striking developments in the Oriental trade.

Through the army and navy department of the Young Men's Christian association some one who desires to remain unknown has just subscribed $50,000 to be used in providing shore homes for sailors and marines in the United States service in Brooklyn, Boston, Norfolk, Key West, Galveston and San Francisco. The only condition imposed with the gift is that $100,000 be added to it by other friends of Uncle Sam's sea fighters. Rear Admiral Philip, Captain Merrill Miller, Captain McCalla, Commodore Stockton and other naval officers have the matter in charge.

Art is not the greatest thing in the world, although it is one of the sweetest, muses the San Francisco Chronicle. By the very fact that art is art, and therefore a mere human application of principles which appeal to the senses alone, it must forever remain subordinate to those inner workings of the soul, which in their nature partake of the divine. When love and duty come in conflict with pleasure in the beautiful it is art that must go down. With the enthusiast indulgence in art sometimes grows into a vast dissipation, which would not be possible were a noble sympathy for the sufferings of the race to be permitted to find expression. Sometime, when equal opportunities shall be extended to all, to be seized and developed according to the individual capacity, unsatisfied longing smay find fulfillment, and it is easy to predict that harmony and taste will be the ruling forces in every home.

There is good reason to believe that now we are outclassed in naval strength only by Great Britain and France. Italy has more battleships than the United States, but many of them are out of date and some are unseaworthy. Russia has a larger navy than ours, but it is not well prepared for actual service and the requirements of modern naval warfare. One of our great points of superiority is the unequalled skill of our gunners. The marksmen of the British navy are the best in Europe, but ours are better still. The most impressive object lessons furnished by the United States navy in the war with Spain were those which show the wonderful accuracy of the fire from our battleships and cruisers. The importance of this point can hardly be estimated. A well-planted shell from a modern big gun will in many cases settle the fate of the struck ship, and the gunners of our navy beat the world in hitting the place they aim at.

THE HOMEWARD BOUND.

Oh! for a brisk and fresh'ning wind
That follows the tall ship fast,
That curls the crests of the sun-kiss'd seas
That strains the pitch-pine mast—
And bends the towering mast,
Whilst the dog-watch yarns go 'around
And the chantey-man uplifts his voice
In the song of the homeward-bound!

The chorus ascends in time and tune,
And is caught on the rising wind.
Till the startled gulls with fluttering wing
Fall off in the tracks behind—
Fall off in the flakes behind,
Where their shrieks and screams are drowned
By the proud, loud song, the loud, proud song,
The song of the homeward-bound!

Give me the midst of a stormy zone
Where the staggering sun swings low,
And the clouds roll back on the weather-board
Predicting a heavy blow,
Sure sign of a heavy blow,
When from windward comes the sound
Of the thunder's roar to rouse the song,
The song of the homeward-bound.

Give me the man with a rich, round voice,
When the wind is bellowing hard,
As he looms his reach o'er the leading-block
A-hoisting a top-sail yard—
Mastheading a topsail yard
As the sail sets taut and round,
And the word "Belay" falls like "Amen"
To the song of the homeward-bound.

Oh! the strange sea-folk, the wild sea-folk,
That live on the trackless deep—
That carry our commerce the world around
Wherever the wild waves sweep—
Where the wild waves ever sweep,
To these let the toast resound
With a health to the sailor, a health to the ship,
And a health to the homeward-bound!

—T. H. Mathias, in San Francisco Coast Seamen's Journal.

THE TABLES ..TURNED..

It was during the time of powdered hair and cocked hats—the year 1781.

Off Philadelphia lay the twenty-gun ship Ariel, just arrived under the command of Commodore Paul Jones.

There were in the city many persons who had never seen that remarkable man, among them Ben Wilson—a trim, powerful young Jack Tar of twenty-five, who had lately married Susan Gray, a humble but beautiful damsel of eighteen. There had been another suitor, also a sailor, named Thomas Wright, who hated Wilson because Susan preferred him, and who, being of a cruel, malicious disposition, longed to do him some injury.

Ben shipped aboard the Ariel, that he might serve under the renowned hero. Learning that Ben had shipped, Wright, who like the former, had never seen Jones, also became one of the Ariel's crew. Neither, however, could yet get sight of the commodore, who was absent—would not be back for a week.

In a few days Wright was chosen to act in the place of the boatswain's mate, who was at the time ill. His duties, besides blowing on the call, etc., now being to punish with the colt—a coil of rope from two to three feet long—and also with the cat-o'-nine-tails, usually termed the "cat," such of the sailors as "offended" against the rules of the ship, he ardently hoped that he might yet have a chance to flog with his cruel lash the man he hated for winning pretty Susan.

One day some of the crew were granted permission to go ashore. They were ordered to return to the ship at 9 o'clock. The boatswain's mate, Wright, and Ben Wilson, were among them.

Unfortunately, Ben drank, and in a state of partial intoxication he visited a few minutes before 9 o'clock, when he should have repaired to the Dolphin—a tavern not twenty yards from the landing. Here the landlord accommodated him with a glass of brandy, which the young man lifted high, saying at the same time, in a loud voice:

"A health to Commodore Paul Jones."

Then he left the place, not to go to the boat, but intending to seek some other tavern.

It was a dark night, but by the bright light streaming through the windows of the house Ben could see a middle-sized, broad-shouldered man, enveloped in a shaggy overcoat, watching him with a mingled expression of stern disapproval and amusement on his broad, weather-beaten face.

"Hold there, my man," said this person laying a hand on his shoulder. "What's your name, and what ship do you belong to?"

"My name? Why, now, my name is Ben Wilson, and my ship is the Ariel, but blast me if I know what business it is of yours."

"It is time you went to the boat. You will get yourself into trouble if you don't go in time. Bear a hand."

"Ay, ay, all very well, but I ain't ready yet, do you see?"

"Come, you must go!" and the hand on Wilson's shoulder pressed it heavily.

"Let go of me!" cried Ben, angrily but the other, half smiling, gripped him yet more firmly.

Then Ben made a blow at him, which the man parried, when a struggle ensued. Ben fought his best, but the man at length succeeded in grasping him round the arms from behind, in which position Wilson was literally carried to within a few fathoms of the boat, when, seeing a number of the sailors approaching, the stranger released his hold and laughing made off in the darkness.

"It's lucky you came when you did," said the coxswain. "We wouldn't have waited for you many seconds longer."

"I wouldn't have been here if old Nick or somebody like him hadn't brought me," was the reply.

Just then the boatswain's mate, Wright, who had been an unseen witness of the struggle toward its termination, but who, in the gloom, had not been able to obtain a good view of the stranger's face, made his appearance, coming in the same direction in which the man had vanished.

"It was I," he whispered to the coxswain, "who brought Wilson. He attacked me near the Dolphin, because I requested him to go to the boat. I had to let him loose when I got him almost here, and run, as you saw, for I was afraid he would stab me."

The boat's crew was soon aboard, when Wright lost no time in reporting that he had been attacked and struck by Wilson. This the latter denied, of course, saying it was a citizen and a stranger with whom he had had his combat, but he was not believed.

The court-martial was held the next day, when Jones arrived on board. Wilson being still kept in the brig, whence he could not see the commodore. There was a singular expression on the face of Paul Jones when the court-martial was ended, and the sentence of the prisoner—100 lashes on the bare back with the cat was pronounced.

The next morning was appointed for the execution of the sentence. When the time came, the master-of-arms, brought up the prisoner and took off his irons. On one of the gratings, placed just forward of the gangway, he was made to stand, his feet being fastened with worming and his hands secured, wide apart, to the bulwarks. Along came Wright, scarcely able to conceal his exultation as he drew the cat from its sheath and lovingly stroked the strings,

"Go one, boatswain's mate," said the captain.

Wright lifted the lash on high, but at that moment the voice of Paul Jones, who now appeared, boomed like thunder on his startled ear:

"Hold! Avast, you rascal!"

And he stepped round, so that Wilson could see him. The young sailor looked up at him with a start, then colored, then turned pale.

"Commodore," he stammered, "I—I—my God, !—I was a little in liquor on that night, but I recognize your face. It was you who took hold of me there by the Dolphin tavern, and carried me almost to the boat. God knows I would not have struck at you had I known who it was."

"Enough," answered the latter; "I forgive you."

Then he turned on Wright.

"The court-martial was a farce," continued Paul Jones. "I wanted to see if this Wright would really have the heart to carry out his falsehood. Now cut loose that man Wilson and put Wright in his place. Give him a round dozen, then let him be broken and put in the after-guard."

The commodore's orders were obeyed, Wright, with every man against him after this, led such an unhappy life aboard the Ariel that he attempted one night to desert from the ship. When in the water he was seen by a marine on guard and ordered to come back, but not obeying, he was shot through the head and killed.

As to Wilson, never after that, greatly to the joy of his pretty wife, Susan, would he touch another drop of alcohol.

The Poet Did Not Contribute.

"I am quite willing to contribute to the—er—amusement of the evening," interposed the amateur poet, who was bursting to read his latest, and couldn't get anybody to take the hints he threw out.

There was a sound like a groan from a corner of the room, and a guest went out. The others prepared for the worst, except one elderly man, who pulled down his waistcoat with an unnecessary show of determination.

"The title of this little effort," the poet went on, drawing a roll from an unsuspected pocket, is "The Raindrops on the Roof."

"Well, of course it does," exclaimed the elderly man. "Where would you expect it to drop? When the rain drops on any well-regulated house, it naturally chooses the roof. Perhaps you expect people to take the roof off when it rains? Or you think that we imagine that it drops on the foundation, or in the umbrella-stand? Everybody else knows that rain drops on the roof, young man, and they don't want you to write a poem to tell 'em. If you can write one that will explain why it rains when a man goes out in a new hat and without an umbrella, we're open to hear it."

The poet did not contribute any further to the amusement of the evening. —Waverly Magazine.

Gold worth almost $56,000,000 has been taken out of the mines in the Cripple Creek district in the last eight years.

LARGE GOLDFISH FARM.

THE PETS REQUIRE CAREFUL AND SYSTEMATIC RAISING.

The Propagating Plant Consists of Innumerable Little Ponds—The Sun Is the Artist That Paints the Delicate Tints on the Sensitive Scales—No Two Alike.

In Shelby county, Indiana, about thirty miles from Indianapolis, is the largest goldfish "farm" in the world. Here the original goldfish men in the country have their propagating plant and here are produced some of the finest specimens in the world. The pets require a careful and systematic raising that is seldom considered by those who desire to purchase them at a small price. The farm is known as Spring Lake Fishery, and consists of innumerable small ponds all connected by narrow channels or sluiceways, in which the flow of water is controlled by water gates. These ponds are constructed with careful regard for depth, size height of embankment and amount and kind of shrubbery on the banks. The most careful consideration is given to these details, for it has been demonstrated that they all, each and collectively, influence the health and development of the fish and the perfecting of the color without which the goldfish is valueless.

Immediately after it is hatched the goldfish is very much like any common everyday minnow, and there is nothing in its appearance to indicate the glorious hues it will afterward assume. For more than a year it has a dull, whitish silvery color, which gradually gives place to the shadings and blotches of color so well known by fanciers.

Sprink Lake Fishery is owned by L. Shoup, who has spent his life in studying the habits of goldfish and how nature may be assisted in her work of coloring the little beauties. He has found that the sun is the artist who makes the delicate tints on the film of the fishes' sensitive scales. But the sun is a variable artist, and no two of the fishes he paints are exactly alike. If a fish is kept in the shade from infancy it will always retain its youthful, silvery color and will be very ordinary, and, in fact, worthless fish; but if it is allowed to bask in sunny shallows and to lie with its sides exposed on pebbly ripples, its scales will absorb the rainbow tints of the sunlight refracted through the wavelets of crystal water.

It is not within the power of man to define or regulate the coloring of the fish, but by careful attention to the exposure to the sun's rays he can make the shades sober-hued or brilliant. Generally there is the greatest demand for bright colors, and those fishes are produced in greatest numbers whose markings are pronounced. There are but few exceptions to prove the rule that the sun is the only agency that paints the fish, but occasionally one is found that grows to maturity and to the last retains its dull, silvery color. These are the albinos and cannot be accounted for. They simply exist, and that is all that is known about them. The food a fish eats has nothing to do with developing its color. All the fish in Spring Lake Fishery are fed exactly the same food, and it is undeviating in quantity and quality. Toasted bread and nothing else is given them two or three times a week, and they thrive upon it better than anything else. It is well adapted to their delicate organism, and with the natural food, such as flies and worms, they can capture, is recommended for use in private aquariums.

The greatest difficulty with which the golfish raiser has to contend is the night-prowling animals, such as cats, coons and opossums. These animals are very adept at catching fish and experience little difficulty in securing all they want of the domesticated goldfish, which take alarm but slowly. Snakes and crayfish are also destroyers of the goldfish, and the most constant vigilance is maintained to see that none of those animals gain access to the ponds. The goldfish is insectivorous, and his appetite often leads to his death. The sting of some insects is fatal, and for a common snake feeder to deposit an egg upon one of the little vertebrates means its sure death.

The freaks and unusual developments in the fish are the varieties which always bring the highest prices in the market. Odd and rare colors and spots and blotches are the kind of markings most preferred by fanciers. Unusual shapes in the fish are also very much sought after and invariably bring high figures. In physical development the tail is the great favorite of nature, for it is that appendage that receives the most attention. Fish with two, three, four and even five tails are not uncommon, and a few specimens with six tails have been known, but they are rare. These abnormal developments are always accompanied by the most brilliant hues, and have been known to bring almost fabulous prices.

More than 200,000 fish are in the Spring Lake Fishery, and specimens are sent every year into every state and territory. The aquariums of nearly every country on earth have drawn upon it for perfect specimens and for information concerning the production and care of the fish. Many of the royal aquariums in Europe are kept replenished from this fishery.

Goldfish in private aquariums should be regularly fed, but never overfed, the water should be kept fresh and at an even temperature, and the aquarium placed in the dark at night.

SENATOR CLARK AND MARCUS DALY.

Eli Perkins Says There Will Be Fun in Montana.

There is fun brewing in Montana, writes Eli Perkins in the New York Sun. Marcus and Senator Clark are neighbors in Anaconda. They are both Democrats, and both rich and powerful lions, but each wants the other to be a lamb. One must be swallowed before peace can come to Montana.

The newly-elected senator, Clark, is a fifty-millionaire, while Mr. Daly is a twenty-millionaire. Mr. Daly is a kind hearted man who came up from a miner's dinner pail, and the boys all like him, while Mr. Clark is much respected as a great scholastic man. He kept a country store, and once, when the whole country was covered with snow and a long blockade had stopped the railroads, he bought up all the baking powder in Butte and Anaconda. It became scarce. Miners traded gold dust for baking powder, and Clark made $60,000.

With this he went to Boston and heard some mine brokers talking about a rich copper mine in Arizona which could be had for $60,000. Clark started for Arizona, had every foot of the mine assayed, found it fifty times as rich as Boston thought it to be, and bought it on the spot. These Arizona copper mines are worth $50,000,000 now.

The difference between Mr. Daly and Mr. Clark occurred in this way:

A poor miner in Anaconda had a water right. Water rights are valuable in smelting copper and silver. The miner wanted to sell it and called on Mr. Daly, who really needed it.

"I don't think I want it," said Mr. Daly, "but I'll accommodate you if you let it go cheap enough."

"Well, $1000," said the miner. "How will that do?"

"Too much," said Mr. Daly, who as a sportsman was doing a little "bluffing." "Come and see me later."

The next day the miner saw Mr. Clark, who, knowing how valuable the water right was to Daly, asked him the price. When he found it was $1000 he handed the man a check and smiled to himself as he lit a cigar and thought of Brother Daly.

A month after this Mr. Clark said to Mr. Daly, "Marcus, you ought to have that Higgins water right. You need it."

"I'll have it soon," said Daly. "I'm dealing with Higgins now."

"But I have it," said Clark. "The man was poor and wanted a thousand and I took it."

"What, you got it!" exclaimed Daly, "and you'll sell it to me?"

"Yes, you need it more than I."

"And for how much?"

"Oh, $150,000!"

Mr. Daly drew a long breath, but paid the $150,000 for the water right.

This estranged the two millionaires.

Has Read the Bible Eleven Times.

A stout, elderly man was noticed gazing earnestly at a display of "Bibles in all languages" in a show window. A stroller passing halted to see what this man was gazing at, and remarked that there was a fine assortment of Bibles.

"Yes," said the man, "but I have one at home older and bigger than any of them." There did not seem to be any connection between the age and size of a Bible, so for lack of anything further to say the stroller asked the man if he had ever read his big Bible through.

"Yes," was the reply, "I have read it through eleven times."

"Holy Moses!" ejaculated the stroller. "What do you think of the Bible after reading it through so many times?"

"Well, the Bible is all right in places mostly. I will tell you how I came to read it through the first time. An old circuit rider who used to visit my father's house when I was a boy one Sunday preached a sermon from the text, 'For a man shall be judged according to the deeds done in the body.' I asked him if that text was to be found in the Bible, and he said, 'Of course it was.' I said I did not think it was, and he proposed that we both read the Bible through to find it. We did not find it, but I found so many things which interested me that I kept on reading the Bible till I have gone through it eleven times."—Portland Oregonian.

A Pretty Child Story.

The prettiest child story that I have seen lately is in French. A mother tells her little girl that because she has been naughty she will not kiss her for a week. Before two days have gone by the child's lips hunger so for her mother's kiss that she begs her not to punish her any more. The mother says: "No, my dear; I told you that I should not kiss you, and I must keep my word." "But, mamma, mamma," says the little girl, "would it be breaking your word if you should kiss me just once tonight when I'm asleep?"—Boston Transcript.

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

"He That Stays Does the Business."

All the world admires "staying power." On this quality success depends. The blood is the best friend the heart has. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best friend the blood ever had; cleanses it of everything, gives perfect health and strength.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

According to bulletin No. 95, just issued by the Department of Agriculture, New Jersey is building more roads and better roads for the money than any other State in the Union.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Buckingham Palace has a scent fountain, which on state occasions is fed with eau de cologne.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd. 931 Arch St. Phila, Pa

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A Parting Shot.

"Perhaps it is best after all," remarked the rejected suitor as he lingered in the hall. "A man of 25 would soon tire of a wife who hovered round the 32 mark." "Why, Mr. Ardent," said the woman in the case, "how very ungallant of you to insinuate that I am 32." "Well, perhaps you are not," he replied, "but it certainly struck me that you were somewhere near the freezing point."

Comforting Assurance.

Mother—I'd just like to know who this young man is you have engaged yourself to. Daughter—Oh, he comes of a splendid family. "Does his family object to the match?" "Y-e-s." "Then I guess he's all right."—New York Weekly.

What a Little Faith Did FOR MRS. ROCKWELL.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 69,834]

"I was a great sufferer from female weakness and had no strength. It was impossible for me to attend to my household duties. I had tried everything and many doctors, but found no relief.

"My sister advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which I did; before using all of one bottle I felt better. I kept on with it and to my great surprise I am cured. All who suffer from female complaints should give it a trial."—MRS. ROCKWELL, 1209 S. DIVISION ST., GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

From a Grateful Newark Woman.

"When I wrote to you I was very sick, had not been well for two years. The doctors did not seem to help me, and one said I could not live three months. I had womb trouble, falling, ulcers, kidney and bladder trouble. There seemed to be such a drawing and burning pain in my bowels that I could not rest anywhere. After using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash and following your advice, I feel well again and stronger than ever. My bowels feel as if they had been made over new. With many thanks for your help, I remain, L. G., 74 ANN ST., NEWARK, N. J."

BAD BREATH

"I have been using CASCARETS and as a mild and effective laxative they are simply wonderful. My daughter and I were bothered with sick stomach and our breath was very bad. After taking a few doses of Cascarets we have improved wonderfully. They are a great help in the family." WILHELMINA NAGEL, 1157 Rittenhouse St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

CANDY CATHARTIC **Cascarets** TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 318

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

GOLDEN CROWN
LAMP CHIMNEYS
Are the best. Ask for them. Cost no more than common chimneys. All dealers.
PITTSBURG GLASS CO., Allegheny, Pa.

If afflicted with sore eyes use **Thompson's Eye Water**

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

An old dam on the Susquehanna river, at Columbia, is being rebuilt, with the idea of converting the power thus developed into electricity. It is possible to obtain eleven thousand horse-power there, but only about four thousand will be taken at first.

From time to time experts have noticed certain unexplainable peculiarities in magnetic instruments in various buildings. An American professor now declares, as the result of experiments and investigations, that the vagaries are due to the presence of magnetism in bricks. They are made of earthy matter containing a greater or less proportion of magnetite or magnetic iron ore.

M. Moissan takes exception to the sweeping condemnation by M. Ditte of the aluminum utensils used by the French army in the Madagascar expedition. The aluminum used was not as pure as it is made now and very slight impurities affect its durability. Moreover, qualities should not be sought for in the metal which it does not possess. It has the advantages of being light, of being easily worked into shape by stamping, thus doing away with joints and leaks, and above all of being harmless when it oxidizes. He thinks it likely that tinned utensils subjected to the same tests would have proved equally unsatisfactory.

A new insulating material known as iron felt, and made in Germany, is being extensively used in Europe for a number of purposes. For the prevention of vibration, it is said to be quite successful, and it is placed between engines and their foundations and also between rails and sleepers. It consists of the larger and stouter woolen fibres treated first with a by-product of petroleum and then coated with gelatine and India rubber and vulcanized. After pressure it is used in the form of plates somewhat over two square feet in area, and from one-half to two inches in thickness. The plates are said to be extremely elastic and imperishable, and have a surface so hard as not to be cut by the sharp edges of bolt-heads or iron girders.

A collection of fishes and shells made from Lake Tanganyika shows the interesting fact that in addition to the ordinary fresh-water fauna usually found in fresh-water lakes, there is also a second fauna of a marine character, to which the name "halolimnic" has been given. The mollusks of this second class have a striking resemblance to forms occurring in the fossil condition in the inferior volites of Europe. Mr. S. E. S. Moore, who has made the collection referred to, was able to find twenty-six fishes new to science, and it is believed that a well-equipped expedition, with a steam-launch, could find a wealth of new biological material. The problems connected with the geology of this lake and the Nile basin, as well as neighboring parts of Africa, are attracting considerable attention from naturalists, and they are soon to receive the attention of scientific expeditions.

The results in non-Alpine sanatoria of Germany have been sufficiently good to warrant the insurance companies there in paying between three and four million marks in 1898 for the maintenance and erection of such sanatoria for the people. One of these insurance companies has published elaborate statistics of 1541 phthisical patients, showing that in such sanatoria general improvement has taken place in 85.5 per cent., local improvement in 61.1 per cent., and complete restoration of work capacity in 71.8 per cent. In 15.5 per cent. the local signs were slight on admission, and disappeared during treatment; in 15.4 per cent. they were unchanged; in 42.6 per cent. the local signs were well marked on admission and were greatly improved on leaving; in 13.9 per cent. the local signs remained of a well-marked character, and in only 6.6 per cent were they increased. It is also shown that a large proportion of patients treated in former years have remained well.

An American College in Brazil.

Among the American institutions of Brazil which are doing a great deal of good is a college for girls at Petropolis. This is supported, I am told, by a number of the women of the Methodist church, who each pay 10 cents a week toward it. It is managed by American women as teachers. The college building was built by a rich Brazilian for a home. It is on top of one of the mountain peaks above Peropolis, and is as much like a palace as any of the buildings there. Its rooms are very large, with ceilings from fifteen to eighteen feet high. Its bathroom is as large as the average American parlor, with a shower attachment. There is a swimming pool of marble in the floor. The kitchen is walled with porcelain tiles, and on the whole I doubt if there is a girls' school in the United States so well furnished. It has American desks and the latest appliances in the way of education, such as models, maps and instruments. Its students come from good Brazilian families, and its educational reputation is of the highest. —Frank G. Carpenter.

Jeweled Portieres.

For those who have ugly views from their back windows or corridors leading to back stairs, etc., it is quite a serious matter as to how best to hide them. Draperies are expensive when the material is good, and inexpensive material gets easily tossed. Bead blinds, which may be made with very little trouble at home, are clean and tidy, besides being pretty, and have the further advantage of admitting the light while preventing people from looking into the room. Measure the width of the window or doorway you wish to hide and get a carpenter to make a narrow lath to fit it, with small grooves all the way along at equal distances and rather close together. The only thing you will then require is a ball or two of macreme cord and plenty of large glass beads in pretty colors, to mix too many colors is a mistake. Thread the string with a bead and knot to prevent its slipping; do this at intervals all the way down the string until it is the length required. It is advisable to tie each string securely on the groove in the wooden lath as you go along, as they are apt to tangle if loose. Try to have the strings as close together as possible; the effect is quite spoiled if they are straggly or far apart. By the exercise of a little patience and ingenuity a pretty pattern of flowers or birds may be introduced. Beads suitable for this purpose may be purchased at a very low price.

Credit Where It Is Due.

"I am afraid that our new son-in-law's aristocratic traditions will make it difficult for him to hold his own in financial affairs." "I kind of felt that way," replied her husband, "but don't let's be hasty in judging him. I must say he talked right up like a business man when it came to fixing a dowry." —Washington Star.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?
Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes Tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot, Callous, Aching and Sweating Feet. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The London Mail tells of an English doctor who refused to attend a man dying of hemorrhage because his fee was two shillings and sixpence, and the man's wife had only two shillings to offer him. When the woman returned to her husband's side he was dead.

BILIOUSNESS

Do you get up with a headache?
Is there a bad taste in your mouth?
Then you have a poor appetite and a weak digestion. You are frequently dizzy, always feel dull and drowsy. You have cold hands and feet. You get but little benefit from your food. You have no ambition to work and the sharp pains of neuralgia dart through your body.
What is the cause of all this trouble?
Constipated bowels.

Ayer's PILLS

will give you prompt relief and certain cure.

Keep Your Blood Pure.
If you have neglected your case a long time, you had better take

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

also. It will remove all impurities that have been accumulating in your blood and will greatly strengthen your nerves.

Write the Doctor.
There may be something about your case you do not quite understand. Write the doctor freely; tell him how you are suffering. You will promptly receive the best medical advice. Address,
Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO SUDDENLY

It injures nervous system to do so. BACO-CURO is the only cure that REALLY CURES and notifies you when to stop. Sold with a guarantee that three boxes will cure any case. BACO-CURO is vegetable and harmless. It has cured thousands, it will cure you. At all druggists or by mail prepaid, $1 a box, 3 boxes $2.50. Booklet free. Write EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., La Crosse, Wis.

"THE LIFE OF DEWEY" the world's greatest hero, by Murat Halstead. AGENTS WANTED. Only $1.50. OUTFIT FREE. SIDNEY C. BILLER, Lakeside Bldg., CHICAGO

WANTED—A case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cts. to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 100 testimonials.

Mr. Eben E. Rexford, probably the best known writer on the culture and care of flowers, gives the following recipe for an insecticide that he has found to be more satisfactory than hellebore or Paris-green:

Shave a quarter of a pound of Ivory Soap in water sufficient to cover it and dissolve upon the stove, then add five gallons of warm water. Spray this solution upon the plants with a florist's syringe, or if they are small dip them bodily into it. In either case be sure to reach every part. Let them stand half an hour and then rinse with clear water. Every aphis that the solution comes in contact with will be promptly killed.

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Almost Human.

"Don't touch me," said the chrysanthemum as it leaned away from the rose. "I would be foolish to attempt it," replied the rose. "It's a well-known fact that you haven't got a cent."

COURTS PROTECT ENTERPRISE.

Important Decision in Regard to Reputations Built Up by Advertising.

In the United States Circuit Court in San Francisco, Cal., a decision has been given that is of great interest to manufacturers of proprietary articles and to publishers. The case in question was the suit of the California Fig Syrup Co. to obtain a permanent injunction, which was granted, enjoining a large non-secret manufacturing concern and others from using the name "Syrup of Figs," or "Fig syrup," and ordering the defendants to pay costs and damages. The decision proves that the courts will protect the valuable reputation of an article of merit, built up by probity of word as well as by extensive advertising, so that the owner may reap the full benefit. The overwhelming evidence presented, as to the merits of the company's laxative, could not be gainsaid by the defendants, and the injunction was the result.

The dogs in Bamwell county, S. C., are returned at a valuation of $12,830, while the assessed value of the entire property of the county in sheep and goats is $201.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.
Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Telegraphic communication is to be established between the Scottish islands Rum, Egg, Canna and Muck, and they are all to be connected with the mainland through the Isle of Skye.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

An English (Ind.) clergyman refuses to pay poll tax on the ground that he is church property the property of the congregation as much as is the pastoral residence, and that, as such, he is exempt from taxation, the same as the parsonage.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.
Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

This is a great country for big fairs as those ahead of us demonstrate. They are the Greater America, at Omaha, July 1, 1899; the Pan-America, at Buffalo, in 1901; the Ohio Centennial, at Toledo, in 1902, and the Louisiana Centennial, at St. Louis, in 1903.

E. A. Rood, Toledo, Ohio, says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured my wife of catarrh fifteen years ago and she has had no return of it. It's a sure cure." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

For Whooping Cough, Piso's Cure is a successful remedy.—M. P. DIETER, 67 Throop Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 14, 1894.

The forest area of all the British possessions in America is estimated at about 800,000,000 acres.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Mahogany is said to have been brought to England by Sir Walter Raleigh in 1595, but not to have come into general use till 1720.

Feeding Bottles.

Most people are of opinion that feeding bottles for babies must be an invention of modern times. According to Prof. J. N. Mosby, noted English antiquary, however, this is not the case. This gentleman, who was lecturing recently before an antiquarian society, stated that it was the custom among the Greeks for the nurses to carry a sponge full of honey in a small pot to stop the children from crying. The professor went on to say that there are two Greek vases in the British Museum, dating from 700 B. C., which closely resemble the feeding bottles used subsequently by the Romans. In the old Roman cemetery of St. Sepulchre, Canterbury, England, a feeding bottle of bright red polished ware was dug up in 1861, and Prof. Mosby came to the conclusion that this bottle must have been buried with the little Roman child to whose wants it had ministered during lifetime.

A Crockery Jag.

"When Wigsby is in his cups he has eyes like saucers." Yes, and bowl legs."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

SYRUP OF FIGS

NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.
LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

RHEUMATISM CURED—Sample bottle, 4 days' treatment, postpaid, 10 cents. ALEXANDER REMEDY CO., 246 Greenwich St., N. Y.

P. N. U. 27 '99

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

"The best is, Aye, the Cheapest." Avoid Imitations of and Substitutes for

SAPOLIO

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

A good cure for sunburn is made by slicing and soaking a cucumber for a few hours in milk, and bathing the face two or three times a day with it. Dry the face carefully afterward, using a soft towel.

Franklin county, Pa., was visited by a destructive hailstorm Wednesday evening. Whole fields of corn in the vicinity of Chambersburg were stripped bare, and like reports come from nearly all the farming sections of the county.

Dr. E. D. Hudson, veterinary surgeon, of Gettysburg, was arrested Monday evening at Gettysburg by Constable Keffer, of McSherrystown, on a charge of open lewdness, committed in the latter place on Saturday afternoon last. Dr. Hudson gave bail for his appearance at court

Sixteen options on various large tracts of land on the Blue Ridge Mountains in Washington and Frederick counties have been filed for record in the courthouse at Hagerstown. The options were recently secured by a syndicate which has revived the old search for copper in the South Mountain.

He Fooled The Surgeons.—All doctors told Renick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering 18 months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the surest Pile cure on Earth, and the best Salve in the World. 25 cents a box. Sold by I. R. Wehler, Druggist.

The most remarkable couple in Montgomery county is Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Supplee, near Bethel church, both still quite active. Mr. Supplee oversees his farm, notwithstanding his age of 90 years. Mrs. Supplee is 92 years old, and does her house work. They have enjoyed 70 years of wedded life.

A Strange relic of the great flood of May 13, 1889, was found by Joseph Haynes, at Johnstown, while excavating a few days ago. At a depth of four feet he unearthed a jar of pickles which were in a good state of preservation and in condition to pass muster at any table. A year or two ago workmen digging a foundation for a building in the Eleventh ward came across a crock of lard that was as good as the day it was rendered

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Your Druggist will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. All Druggists. 4 mo.

Faith in Advertising.

Notwithstanding the extent and the certainty of beneficial returns from advertising, there are many business men who do not seem to appreciate the advantages of this method of communicating with the public. The chief reason for their failure to recognize the value of a good advertisement is their belief that the returns do not justify the financial outlay. But the fallacy of this contention is daily made apparent by the success of those merchants who have made advertising an essential part of their business systems. The pushing and ambitious tradesmen have thoroughly proved the money value of judicious advertising, and they would as soon think of going out of business altogether as to discontinue the regular use of the advertiseing columns of a newspaper which commands public confidence and possesses a large reading clientage.

CELERY KING
NATURE'S CURE

A Cure for Constipation.

I have been troubled with constipation for years. It was ruining my health, my comfort and my complexion, and I am glad to say that Celery King has restored all three, and this after trying many other medicines that were supposed to be good, but which were of no value whatever. I would like to tell every suffering woman what Celery King has done for me.—Nellie Gould, Medina, Ohio.

Celery King cures Constipation and all diseases of the Nerves, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. Sold by druggists. 25c. and 50c. 8

For sale by M. S. Hiteshew.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

....FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT....

....INSURANCE....

Insurance in Cash and Mutual Cos.

The Travelers Life Ins. Co. give the Best forms of insurance. Every policy is a guaranteed contract. They use no estimates their figures are a positive guaranteed statement.

The Travelers' Rates are Lower than any other Co. of equal standing.

The Tryelers' issue the most Liberal Accident Policy at rates to suit all classes.

Before insuring see the Travelers' rates and contracts. For further information apply to

W. H. DECHERT, Agt.,

NEW CHESTER, PA.

Our famous BLUE LABEL BRAND. It's the best in the world. Prices will surprise you. We deliver from Chicago, Omaha or St. Paul, as desired. Write for prices and samples.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., CHICAGO

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,

ELIAS FISSEL,

Gettysburg Borough.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,

MERVILLE E. ZINN,

(1st ward) Gettysburg

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,

C. W. TROXELL,

of Gettysburg Borough.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,

PENROSE MYERS,

of Gettysburg Borough

Subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,

H. G. WEHLER,

Of New Oxford Borough.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

W. HEAGY DICKS,

of Reading Township.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

G. Y. HEMLER,

of Mountpleasant Township.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

N. B. SPRENKLE,

of East Berlin.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

PIQUE.

Judging from the quality of of these goods we sold we must have the right goods and the right prices. We have just received another shipment of these goods and they must be sold at the following prices:

A beautiful Plain White Cord, 27 inches wide, 10c yard.

Several styles in Plain White at 12½c yard.

Plain White, extra heavy cord, 15c yard.

Plain White in very beautiful patterns at 20c. 25c and 30c yard.

Plain Blue and at 12½c yard.

Fancy Colored Stripes and Polka Dots at 10c.

N. B. Carver & Sons.

HANOVER, PA.

THE

Dress Shoe

OF TO-DAY must be up-to-date in style and finish; it must fit neat and must at the same time be comfortable.

We want to say that we have the shoe—the style, the finish, the fit and the comfort;—and at bottom prices, too. We want you to see them. The above is relative to fine and medium dress shoes for everybody.

As to the Everyday Shoe—we cannot be excelled in quality or price—a large line to select from, and the prices right. Come to see us and let us show you the goods.

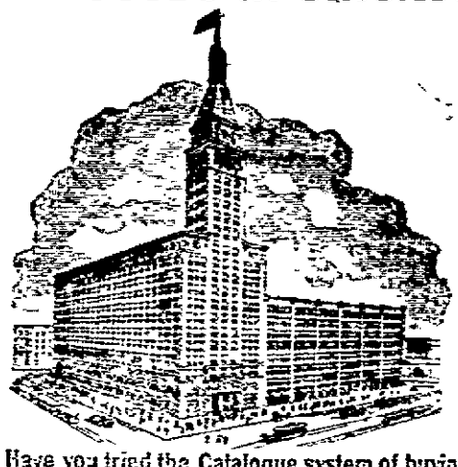
Respectfully yours,

F. G. & W. L. McKINNEY,

HANOVER, PA.

Cor. Fountain Sq. and Frederick St.

BUY GOODS IN CHICAGO



Have you tried the Catalogue system of buying EVERYTHING you use at Wholesale Prices? We can save you 15 to 40 per cent on your purchases. We are now erecting and will own and occupy the highest building in America, employ 2,000 clerks filling country orders exclusively, and will refund purchase price if goods don't suit you.

Our General Catalogue—1,000 pages, 16,000 illustrations, 60,000 quotations—costs us 72 cents to print and mail. We will send it to you upon receipt of 15 cents, to show your good faith.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.

MICHIGAN AVE AND MADISON ST.

CHICAGO.

New Spring Goods, New Styles, New Prices. . . .

We have now received our new line of Spring Clothing, Hats, &c., which we have bought to sell and have applied the selling prices—THE LOWEST.

In Neckwear we have the nobbiest line ever shown in Hanover.

Removal Opening and CLEARING SALE,

—IS STILL GOING ON AT—

FRANK S. BECHTEL'S

One Price Cash Clothing House.

Removed into the Large Room of the HOTEL O'BOLD BUILDING
FOUNTAIN SQUARE, HANOVER, PA.

I have just received Thirty head of fine

VIRGINIA CATTLE,

which I will sell at Last Fall's Prices,

BY THE QUARTER:

Front Quarter—6c.

Hind Quarters—8c.

Sausage Meat from 7c to 10c per lb.

ALL KINDS OF

Fresh Meats

always on hand at my store, next to Sheely & Bro.'s Dry Goods Store, Center Square. THEO. E WARNER.

Highest Price paid for Hides.

Wentz & Bro.,

HANOVER, PA.,

is the place for Dry Goods, Notions, and Carpets.

Our Styles, Assortment and Prices are unmatchable. Our department in the line of Black Dress Goods consists of all the newest things in the "Gold Medal Brand," all black, in fancy weave and plain; we, and we only, sell this brand in Hanover. And in Colors we show all the newest and most stylish materials and fancy linings and trimmings.

Our Notion Department is equal to any in the city.

We carry the best black hosiery and that is the "Black Cat Brand," every pair warranted; we have the sole agency.

Best makes Ladies' Corsets, excellent 50c corsets; and all the best makes of $1 corsets, such as the R & G, Kabo, P N, Cresco.

Armoside, Royal, Worcester, Ladies', Children's and Gents' Underwear; gloves, towels, handkerchiefs, napkins, bleached, unbleached and red table Damask, bedsheets, bolsters, pillow cases, tablecloth. Ladies' and gents' linen colors, white bed spreads, Marsailles quilts, white India linens, Organdies and Pique; Men's suitings and pantaloonings, shirts, hats and caps, best $1 umbrella in town, ladies' belts and belt buckles, table covers and curtains, large line plain and fancy ribbons, children's lace and lawn caps. Carpets, Oil Cloth, Straw Matings. Largest stock, lowest prices.

WENTZ & BRO.

REBUILDING SALE.

Having determined to enlarge our store, we must make room for the workmen, we have therefore concluded to reduce the price on all our goods in order to sell off as much as possible before opperations commence for instance!

All our Men's Suits that we have been selling at $7.50 $8 00 and $8.50, we have reduced to $4.75. There are in this lot All Wool Cheviots in stripes and plaids; Blue and Black Serges; Blue and Black Cheviots, and Black Clay Worsterd's in sacks and cutaways.

All our $9.00 and $10.00 Suits reduced to $6 75.

Boys' Suits, ages 14 to 19 at $1.25, former price $3 75

Boys' $5.00 and $6.00 at $3.90.

Children's Suits size 4 to 15, at $1 00, sold for $1.50 and $1.75.

Fine grade Children's Suits at $1.75 that sold for $2.50 to $3 75.

Children's Knee Pants all sizes, 2 pair for 25 cents.

$1.00 Shirts 78c.

Men's 80c pants at 49c.

Good working shirts with yoke 29c, a regular 50c shirt.

EVERYTHING at greatly reduced prices.

Lieberman's

Popular Price Clothing House.

Cor. York St and Sq., GETTYSBURG.

GO TO L. J. WEIKERT

—FOR YOUR—

Patent Medicines, Jewelry and Bicycle Sundries; also BICYCLES.

Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry a speciaity.

LIVINGSTON'S BUILDING,

CENTRE SQUARE, NEW OXFORD, PENNA.

Subscribe for the Item. Only $1

Kentucky Riding and Driving HORSES

On FRIDAY, JULY 21st, I will receive a car load of extra fine Riding and Driving KENTUCKY HORSES. Call see them.

Also have on hand at all times a lot of well-broken and green MULES.

H. A. SMITH, Hanover, Pa.

EMLET'S

DRUG STORE.

We have a nice line of Perfumery and Perfume Atomizers for the Toilet, and Soaps of all kinds. Our Pure Skin Soap is steady gaining favor because it is good and cheap.

Whisk Brooms, Cloth, Nail, Hair, Flesh Complexion and Tooth Brushes in great variety.

Hot Water Bottles, Throat Vaporizers, Fountain Syringes and Rubber Tubing, all sizes.

A well selected stock of DRUGS. All the popular Patent Medicines, and ALL articles usually found in a First-Class Drug Store.

EMLET'S DRUG STORE

HANOVER, PA.

Telephone call 173.

MILLER'S

Mammoth Store.

July 15th, '99.

Free! Free!! Free!!! Some merchants would have you believe they are giving you FREE silverware, furniture, &c. That is not the case. You pay for all you get. You cannot expect merchants to give their goods away. We have a big stock of goods, but if we were to advertise to give our goods away free we could get rid of our entire stock in one day. Stop, look, listen.

Best American Granulated Sugar 5½ cents; Lion and Arbuckle's Coffee 10 cents

150 dozen Mason's ½ gallon Jars 50 cents a dozen.

Stoneware 7 cents a gallon.

Come and see our Men's Suits at $3 40, and Boys' Suits at 49 cents.

We have plenty of nice, new Potatoes at 15 cents a peck.

Have you seen the Calico Remnants we are selling at 25 cents a pound?

Still plenty of Slaw Cutters at 10 cents.

SHOES! SHOES!! SHOES!!!

We do not want a single pair of Spring and Summer Shoes on our shelves by fall. We have marked the prices so low that you may cut the regular prices in half and even less in many grades and you will have about the correct figures.

H. W. Miller, Baltimore St., Hanover, Pa.

Western Maryland Railroad

—CONNECTING WITH—

P. & R. R. at Shippensburg and Gettysburg; Norfolk & Western R. R. at Hagerstown; B. & O. R. R. at Hagerstown and Cherry Run, Penna. R. R. at Bruceville and Hanover, and P. W. & B. N. C. and B. & P. Railroads at Union Station, Baltimore, Md.

BALTIMORE & HARRISBURG DIVISION.

Schedule in effect Oct. 2, 1898.

READ DOWN			STATIONS.	READ UPWARD		
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
—	6 15	—	Le Wilmsp't Ar	—	—	8 29
2 07	7 02	—	Hagerstown	12 15	—	8 00
2 38	7 32	—	Ar Edg'mont Le	11 45	—	7 34
1 25	6 00	—	Le Ship'sb'g Ar	—	—	8 55
1 50	6 31	—	Chambersburg	12 36	—	8 28
2 19	7 07	—	Waynesboro	12 02	—	7 51
2 30	7 30	—	Ar Edg'mont Le	11 45	—	7 35
2 41	7 36	—	Le Edg'mont Ar	11 42	—	7 31
2 50	7 50	—	Ar Highfield Le	11 28	—	7 19
2 56	7 50	—	Le Highfield Ar	11 25	—	7 16
3 24	8 16	—	Fairfield	10 56	—	6 46
3 33	8 24	—	Orrtanna	10 45	—	6 37
3 38	8 28	—	McKnightstown	10 40	—	6 32
3 42	8 32	—	Seven Stars	10 37	P. M.	6 29
3 51	8 43	—	Gettysburg	10 28	1 12	5 29
4 10	9 06	—	New Oxford	10 03	12 51	5 55
4 26	9 10	A. M.	Berlin Junction	9 50	12 48	5 52
4 33	9 23	6 10	Hanover	9 46	12 37	5 39
4 45	9 38	6 20	Porters	9 32	12 25	5 27
4 49	9 43	6 26	Sinsheim	9 28	12 21	5 20
5 01	9 54	6 43	Green Ridge	9 15	12 10	5 15
5 03	9 56	6 35	Glenville	9 13	12 08	5 11
5 12	10 04	6 44	Lineboro	9 05	12 00	5 00
5 20	10 11	6 51	Alesia	8 58	11 53	4 52
5 31	10 21	7 01	Green Mount	8 47	11 42	4 41
5 35	10 25	7 05	Hampstead	8 43	11 38	4 37
5 42	10 31	7 11	Arcadia	8 36	11 32	4 30
5 54	10 41	7 27	Woodensburg	8 26	11 21	4 19
6 08	10 45	7 32	Ar Em'ry Gro Le	8 22	11 17	4 15
6 00	10 46	7 40	Le Em'ry Gro Ar	8 29	11 15	4 15
6 57	11 29	8 —	Ar Baltimor Le	7 22	10 17	3 32
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.

BERLIN BRANCH R. R.—Daily Except Sunday.—Leave Hanover 9 49 a. m., Berlin Jc. 9 54 a. m., and arrive at Abbottstown 10 14 a. m. and East Berlin at 10 30 a. m.

Leave Hanover 5 42 p. m., Berlin Jc. 5 52, Abbottstown 6 07, and arrive East Berlin 6 22 p. m.

Leave East Berlin at 8 40 a. m., Abbottstown at 8 54 a. m., and arrive at Berlin Junction at 9 05 a. m., and Hanover at 9 19 a. m.

Leave East Berlin 11 39 a. m., Abbottstown 11 35, Berlin Jc 11 48, and arrive at Hanover 12.

HANOVER JUNCTION BRANCH.—Leave Porters 12 23 p. m. for Hanover Junction and intermediate stations. Leave Hanover Junction returning, at 1 30 p. m. daily, except Sunday.

EASTERN EXTENSION B. & H. DIVISION—Leave Porters for York and intermediate stations at 7 30 and 5 38 a. m., and 12 29 and 5 27 p. m. Leave York for Porters and intermediate stations at 9 00 and 11 55 a. m., and 4 10 and 6 25 p. m.

ON SUNDAYS ONLY.—Leave Hanover for Baltimore and intermediate stations at 6 50 a. m.

Leave Baltimore for Hanover and intermediate stations at 9 30 a. m.

POTOMAC VALLEY RAIL ROAD.—Leave Hagerstown for Charlton, Clear Spring, Big Pool and Cherry Run at 8 05 a. m., and 1 25 and 8 05 p. m. Leave Cherry Run for Hagerstown and intermediate stations at 5 37 and 10 10 a. m., and 5 05 p. m.

J. M. HOOD, General Manager. B. H. GRISWOLD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
H. D. SCOTT, Supt. B. & H. Div. JOSEPH LEIB, Div. Passenger Agt.

NERO FIDDLED WHILE ROME BURNED

because his instrument produced such sweet music that he was lothe to tear himself away.

Instruments of equal and even greater power are made now. We have Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Mandolins, Pianos and Organs which are not excelled in quality, range, sweetness or volume of tone by any instrument made.

Makers have found the way to make their goods better without making prices higher. Come in here and try your favorite instrument and ask questions.

Spangler's Music Rooms, Gettysburg

FURNITURE

.....FOR THE.....

SPRING TRADE

WE have added to our already large stock a complete line of

FURNITURE,

A GREAT SURPRISE

Awaits all who examine our fine stock of furniture, when they see the handsome and comfortable couches divane and sideboards that we are offering at such attractive prices.

We carry in stock at all times a large assortment of Baby Carriages, Bed and Parlor Suits, &c.

A. S. FEISER,

NEW OXFORD, PA.

A Positive Cure for Diphtheria, Croup, Quinsy, Catarrh and all throat trouble. Perfectly Harmless. Price 50c. per bottle. For sale by druggists everywhere.

Thompson Diphtheria Cure Co., Williamsport, Pa.

Send in your sale dates and have them put in the sale register.

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